PRINTERS' INK.

A JOURNAL FOR ADVERTISERS.

VOL LXVII.

NEW YORK, June 2, 1909.

No. 9



Reducing the Average



Psychology establishes an average of twenty repetitions as necessary for an idea to reach the human mind.

But—if the idea you wish to convey is associated with other ideas of absorbing interest, the number of repetitions necessary may be greatly reduced.

In Butterick Magazines, your Advertising is associated with pictures, descriptions and other literature of most absorbing interest to women.

And—as merchants know that women buy patterns, dress materials and Advertised Goods, in their stores as the result of reading Butterick Magazines, such merchants also are influenced to handle your goods because of the Butterick Magazine Advertising of yours which they know is at work in the minds of the women shoppers.

At the present time over 17,000 merchants are influenced directly by Advertising in Butterick Magazines.

WARlack

Manager of Advertising Butterick Building New York City

F. H. RALSTEN, Western Adv. Mgr., First Nat'l Bank Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Ask Our Advertisers

What's the Answer?

—when an advertiser uses "keyed" copy exclusively—depends entirely on direct dollars and cents returns—and places renewal with a publication after a sufficient time has elapsed to check results from the

prior insertions of his advertising copy.

Below is shown a list of forty representative mail-order advertisers, giving the amount of space that they used during two different periods—between January 15t and June 15th, 1908—and between September 1st, 1908, and January 15th, 1909. This table shows also the number of insertions that their various orders covered during both periods. Testimonial letters from these advertisers are not necessary—renewal orders represent money and are more substantial.

	an. 1 to		ept. 1, '(Advertiser.	Lines.	Ins.	Lines.	Ins.
June 15, 08 Jan. 15, '09 (5½ Mos.) (4½ Mos.)					R. E. Chamlers &	040	10	100	
					L.C.McLain Ortho-	246	12	120	8
Advertiser.	Lines.	Ins	Lines.	Ins.	pedic Sanatarium	400	4	100	1
F. K. Babson	2,989	6	6,794	11	Thatcher Magnetic	400	*	100	1
Am. Separator Co.		16	117	2	Shield Co	9 480	4	100	1
Larkin Co	424	4	923	9	Dr. E. R. Moras.		3	1,400	
1900 Washer Co.	374	3	634	4	Magic Foot Draft	2,100	0	1,400	4
Currier Pub. Co.		3	7.184	19	Co	1,009	13	902	10
Vick Pub. Co	538	4	114	3	Wilson Ear Drum	2,000	20	002	41
W. P. Harrison	000	_			Co	604	7	1,180	10
& Sons	1,780	8	711	5	D. F. C. Caldwell.	650	3	200	
Allen Mfg. Co		14	552	4	Stolz Electrophone	000		200	
McCreery Mfg. Co.	600	3	200	1	Co	434	4	261	. :
Marmola Co	467	11	732	17	H. T. Schlegel	320	5	381	
Mrs. Harriet M.					C. E. Brooks	679	16	166	
Richards	1,260	14	1,620	18		1,423	21	170	
Dorothy de La-			-,		Dr. Branaman	957	17	477	1
Revere	319	5	190	2	To-Kalon Mfg. Co.	1,340	7	655	-
Dr. Lynott	1,125	3	60.5	2	Japanese Impt. Co.	283	23	277	1
Luxor Co	358	3	31	1	Dr. Van Vleck	6.59	. 9	523	- 1
No. Amer. Eye &					F. J. Kellogg	1,468	2	1,384	
Ear Specialists.	1,039	8	484	4	Dr. Haux Spectacle			,	
Mrs. M. Aderson	396	9	1,186	11	Co	642	16	651	1
Dr. G. C. Young	494	9	290	5	Golden Specific Co.	791	10	519	1
Kuhn Remedy Co.	2,100	8	2,572	6	J. F. Stokes	400	3	90	1
Mrs. M. Summers.	760	18	480	16	The Home Friend				
Dr. G. C. Powell.	650	13	300	6	Pub. Co	1,806	13	1,803	1

—Please don't overlook that these two periods cover entirely different advertising seasons—it appears to be that fact alone that regulates the amount of copy given THE WOMAN'S NATIONAL DAILY.

—Do you think for a minute that these experienced advertisers would come back with new orders and renew time and time again if the dollars and cents returns from THE WOMAN'S NATIONAL DAILY were not satisfactory and profitable? The list we have shown covers a selection of only forty names, but is sufficient to make the point plain that

The Woman's National Daily Pays Advertisers

-Do you want any further evidence that THE WOMAN'S NATIONAL DAILY is a profitable medium and should be included

on your regular list this season?

—If you can plan nothing more, don't fail to give this publication a trial keyed advertisement. That's all we ask. The results will make you a regular customer—the same as they invariably have done in other cases.

For Further Particulars, Rates, Sample Copy, etc., Address

THE WOMAN'S NATIONAL DAILY

Cal. J. McCarthy, Adv. Manager

University City, St. Louis, Mo

CHICAGO OFFICE: 1700 First National Bank Building. NEW YORK OFFICE: 415 Flat Iron Building.

PRINTERS' INK.

A JOURNAL FOR ADVERTISERS.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER AT THE NEW YORK, N. Y., POST OFFICE JUNE 29, 1896.

Vol. LXVII.

atirely

pub-

m the

odsr 1st, er of

Tes-

al or-

s. Ins.

0

0 1

0

0

1.

2 10

10

13

14

1

15

rent

the

ould

the

the

V'S

ded

ion

ake

her

Mo

ng.

NEW YORK, June 2, 1909.

No. o.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER AND THE RELIGIOUS PAPERS.

INTERESTING AND IMPORTANT RECOMMENDATION OF RELIGIOUS PRESS ADVERTISING BY ONE OF THE GREATEST ADVERTISERS IN THE WORLD.

By Arthur K. Willyoung.

Probably no national advertiser uses the religious publications more extensively than the Royal Baking Powder Company. For a quarter of a century this important food product concern, the largest of its particular kind in the world, has spent every year a very liberal portion of its advertising appropriation in spreading abroad the name and the fame for purity of its immense output through the medium of the so-called religious papers.

For that very reason the ideas and opinions of H. A. La Fetra, Royal's advertising director during the last twenty-five years of its almost continuous publicity campaigning, as to the value of these church and denominational publications as media and as to the tendencies of the religious press of the day, are of peculiar interest to advertisers.

It is doubtful if anyone who has given serious thought to the drift of many of the religious publications away from their old-time ways into new methods and new fields will seriously disagree with them.

"The Royal Baking Powder Company," says Mr. La Fetra, "thinks very highly of the first-class religious publications of the United States. We use from forty to fifty of them, scattered about in all parts of the country,

with more or less regularity. It is my opinion that for our purposes at least there are few, it any, better media to be had. "Advertising."

"Advertising in the religious papers is about as certain to benefit the advertiser as anything well could be. Church people have faith in their organs and anything that appears in those organs has great weight with them. This is so in respect to the subject matter treated in publications of this class. It is also true of what appears in the advertising pages.

"Religious publications of all kinds have undergone a very great change in recent years. Formerly—and not so very long ago, either—they concerned themselves almost exclusively with matters affecting the various churches and denominations and they paid little attention to anything outside the religious interests. Now they have so far changed that many of them have lost their religious character almost entirely.

"To-day nearly all the more important and better known of the so-called religious publications are really home journals. They are still religious papers but not in the old-time, narrow sense of devoting their space to sectarian news and topics only. They have become something better, more varied in their interest for every member of the family. They are primarily devoted to the welfare of the family and are therefore home papers of the best possible character.

"The advertising value of publications of this sort is obvious. The religious paper of to-day goes directly into the home, where it is believed, probably more implicitly than any other printed thing. It is kept in the home and it is

there thoroughly read, generally by each member of the household.

"It is my firm belief that the church or religious publications of the highest class are especially of value to the advertiser of foods. The readers of these weeklies and monthlies are invariably prosperous and of a class that is particularly careful to buy only the best foodstuffs. Consequently, foode of real merit can be advertised in them to the greatest advantage of

the manufacturer."

Not only have the so-called religious papers of the United States undergone revolutionary changes in the matter of make-up and in the general character of their reading matter, according to Mr. La Fetra, but their advertising policies have also radically changed for the better in recent years Up to comparatively a few years ago many of these publications, particularly the smaller and lesser known ones, he asserts, were filled with questionable medical and misleading financial ads of every description.

"The best class of the church organs never seriously offended in this regard," says Mr. La Fetra. "They have always been careful to keep their advertising pages clean and above suspicion. Nowadays, owing to the longcontinued agitation and the campaign against advertising matter of doubtful character, the religious publications of smaller circulation have also greatly improved over their status of a number of years ago and the vast majority of them exclude advertisements of the questionable class entirely. One result of this is that a good many national advertisers of high repute go into them who could not be induced to do so if the old conditions still existed."

A list of the church weeklies and monthlies most used by the Royal Baking Powder Company in carrying its advertising would include practically every religious publication of substantial circulation and wide influence in the country

"Among the papers of this kind that the Royal thinks most of," declares its advertising manager, "I would give a high rank to such publications as the Christian Herald, the Observer, and the Examiner, of New York; the Interior, published by the Presbyterian Church at Chicago; the Congregationalist, of Boston, and the three leading Christian Advocates of the Methodist Church, the New York Christian Advocate, the Central Christian Advocate, of Cincinnati, and the Northwestern Christian Advocate, of Chicago.

"The Churchman, of New York, the leading organ of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States; the Herald and Presbyter, of Cincinnati, and the Presbyterian, of Philadelphia, are other denominational journals whose advertising pages I consider of great value to Royal Baking Powder publicity. The Outlook, of course, I regard as of high value and we use it continually. It is, however, now pretty well out of the religious journal class, if not entirely. The Christian Herald is very nearly in the same class. Both are virtually home magazines of the best type.

"The American Hebrew is a publication of very high class and there is no better medium that I know of for reaching the best elements among the Jewish population of New York. It has a large circulation and a wide influence in its field. The Christian Standard, the official organ of the Disciples' Church in Ohio, stands extremely high among the religious journals in that section of the country and deserves special mention for its advertising value, in my opinion.

"The Irish World, I suppose, leads the Catholic religious papers in America in the matter of circulation. It is a valuable medium. The Catholic Universe, published in Cleveland, is also very good. So is the Catholic Standard and Times, of Philadelphia.

"These are only a few—and they are mentioned rather as types—of the religious papers used by the Royal Baking Powder-

Beware the Canvasback and Caviar

ger, such

am-

rior,

rian

gre-

the ates

ate,

ate.

est-

Chi-

lew

the

ald

and

hia,

als

on-

yal

he

28

on-

OW

ous

he

in

tuest

nd

I

le-

la-

ge

ce

d-

is-

X-

113

he

n-

in

se,

a-

of

e-

b-

ry

rd'

d

13.

rs."

er.

DOES PERSONAL INFLUENCE AFFECT OUR
SPACE-BUYING JUDGMENT? ARE WE
EVER INFLUENCED BY THE SHADED
LIGHTS, THE MUSIC AND THE GOOD
THINGS TO EAT TO BUY SPACE IN CERTAIN PUBLICATIONS WHEN OTHERS
WOULD BE BETTER?

Before the Glamour of the Glib-Tongued Advertising Solicitor has numbed your Powers of Discriminative Space Buying—

Before the Salted Almonds, the Caviar or the Canvasback has soothed you into a Rajah's disregard of the buying power of Pelf—

Before you buy space for Good Fellowship, or Hot Air-

Think of your Purpose in advertising—think hard of what you desire to accomplish by means of it.

Think that for your Proposition you must buy the greatest number of the Likeliest Purchasers at the Least Cost.

It's results that count in an advertising campaign.

The Publication that cannot give good Results for a certain Proposition, when other Publications do, and when good advertising copy is used, does not reach the greatest Percentage of the Likeliest Purchasers of that Proposition—

And a Publication that may isolate satisfactorily on a single Proposition and fall down on a host of others is, at least, a Suspicious Buy for you and your Proposition.

Take the Publication that makes good on a wide Range of Propositions—there is the space for you to buy with absolute confidence.

For that's the Publication that reaches the Greatest Percentage of the Likeliest Purchasers.

Now, The American Boy has made good and is making good on a wide range of Propositions.

That's evidenced by the fact that the following Advertisers have been buying space in *The American Boy* for some time and most of them for years:

National Biscuit Co.
Eastman Kodak Co.
Gerhard Mennen Co.
New England Confectionery Co.
Menzies Shoe Co.
Winchester Repeating Arms Co.

Chalmers Knitting Co.
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.
Stevens Arms & Tool Co.
Larkin Co.
Larkin Co.
Liternational Correspondence Schools
Victor Talking Machine Co.
Iver Johnson's Arms & Cycle Works
American School of Correspondence
A. J. Reach Co.
Elgin Watch Co.
Jos. Dixon Crucible Co.
Spencerian Pen Co.
A. G. Spalding & Bros.
Robt. H. Ingersoll & Bro.
Michigan Steel Boat Co.
Buckeye Stereopticon Co.
Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
Dupont Powder Co.
Sears Roebuck & Co.
Rochester Optical Co.
Mead Cycle Co.
Horton Mfg. Co.
Three-in-One Oil Co.
Houghton, Mifflin Co.
Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Co.
Bureau of Navigation
Daisy Mfg. Co.
Chiclets
Harrington & Richardson Arms Co.
Wick Narrow Fabric Co.
Savage Arms Co.
Ralston Purina Mills
Samuel Winslow Skate Mfg. Co.
Standard Oil Company
Studebaker Bros. Mfg.
Karnoy Servey
S. L. Allen & Co.
Many Resident Schools for Boys and

Young Men
All progressive Incubator Advertisers
All wide-awake Seed Advertisers,

About 200 different advertisers are represented in each issue.

Yours may duplicate, or be similar in Purpose to some one of these Propositions.

If it is, you'll make no mistake to advertise it in The American Boy—
For The American Boy has the clientele—100,000 Boys and Young Men—the live wires—the dynamos of the Family.

The American Boy reaches 160,000 families; remember, "where there's a boy there's a family." It's read by at least 800,000 people, and if your proposition may not be designed for the Boy—and it's a funny one that can't be exploited to 160,000 Plastic and Retentive "live wires" with profit—it should fit in with the other 640,000 readers to your year great dayantage.

very great advantage.

Write us for rates and further information. We send it to you by it-self—we don't hang a solicitor around your neck, but let you by yourself judge the merits of our proposition.

THE
SPRAGUE PUBLISHING CO.
J. COTNER, Jr., Sec. and Treas.
DETROIT, MICH.

Company in giving wide public-They will ity to its product. serve to convey an idea of the sort of church and denominational publications which we regard as the best suited to our purpose. There are many other excellent publications of the socalled religious class which we use plentifully and which we believe it highly profitable for us to use, but the journals named are probably as much favored by the leading national advertisers as any of the church papers."

The gradual transformation of the church papers from their purely religious character of a few years ago to that of magazines with strong secular leanings, in Mr. La Fetra's opinion, has been brought about by a variety of causes. One has been the invasion of the chosen field of the religious publication by the secular papers themselves, many of the great newspapers of the larger cities having more and more as time has gone on devoted large space to church and religious affairs. For this reason they have taken the place in many families formerly occupied exclusively by the religious journal.

This development, not unnaturally, has had the effect of leading the religious papers to turn about and in their own way to invade the field of the newspaper by paying constantly increasing attention to purely secular matters. This has gone on until, as Mr. La Fetra points out, the Outlook and the Christian Herald, for example, are fairly abreast of the magazines devoted to the printing of matter of general interest.

The general attitude of the American public with regard to church matters also has had a great deal to do with working big changes in the religious papers, Mr. La Fetra believes. "Formerly most persons gave expression to their religious feelings, or at least affected to do so, by going to church on Sunday and relieving their consciences when the collection plate came around.

"There is more real goodness shown by people nowadays, I think, than there was under the old habit. There is not so much cant. There is more real, practical Christianity. There is more charity. People are better, although there may not be so much so-called 'religion.' There is a greater disposition than ever before to encourage everything that is good and that benefits humanity. This, of course, aids all channels and among these are the religious journals."

"What about the advertising value of the religious papers as a class? Has it increased?"

"That is another story." While their improvement in character, their greater circulations and wider influence, of course, have bettered their stand with national advertisers, nevertheless I consider that space in any publication is not, inch by inch, as valuable for advertising purposes as it was once. This applies to religious publications no more than to those of other classes. All are in the same category.

"The newspapers and magazines of the day are so filled with advertising of every sort and description that practically it requires four or five times the space to get the prominence for the individual ad that it once did. Furthermore, so many advertisements of inferior or 'snide' articles are constantly being printed that people are, in a measure, getting callous to advertising statements. Consequently, advertisements do not have the same pulling power, in proportion to the amount of space used, that they once did.

"We do not attempt to key our ads and we have no tangible way of getting at the results of any of our publicity, either in the church papers or elsewhere. We simply advertise all over the world. The results are good."

ADVERTISING TENNIS TOURNA-MENT, JUNE 23.

The Tennis Tournament Committee, M. L. Wilson, F. D. Sniffen, W. H. Field, W. J. Ryan, R. D'. Little and M. H Ormsbee, have arranged for an interesting event on June 23rd at the grounds of the West Side Tennis Club, Broadway and 238th street, New York. Raymond D. Little will be referee, and prizes will be awarded.

THE

(HRISTIAN HERALD

AND ILLUSTRATED FAMILY MAGAZINE

Is not only the leading religious paper, but it is one of the leading Weekly Family Magazines taken by subscription into a Quarter Million homes.

Have you included The Christian Herald in your magazine list? If not, why not?

P. B. Bromfield, 196-97 Bible House, New York 1622 Marquette Bldg., Chicago

much pracmore , almuch

is a bethat mans all e the

Vhile acter, and have

conolicavalus as rethan

agawith derepace in-Furtise-

arnted
gettatetisepullthe

our way any the We the

ittee, H. and r an the Club,

NA-

LUCAS PAINT MARKETED MAINLY BY STREET

CARS.

COLOR DEEMED TO BE A GREAT AD-VANTAGE OF CARS FOR PAINT AD-VERTISING—UNIQUE PLAN OF DIS-TRIBUTION—FREQUENT CHANGE OF COPY—12,000 CARS USED, AND POSTERS.

By Paul Lewis.

John Lucas and Company, paint manufacturers, of Philadelphia, are newcomers, comparatively, in advertising. Their first experience began three years ago with an initial expenditure of \$50 for card space in the street cars of a small town in Ohio. This proved to be a profitable investment and whetted the firm's appetite for more. To-day they are using 12,000 cars in all sections of the country and do considerable newspaper and billboard advertising in addition. Their publicity outlay for the current year will run far above \$100,000.

This firm is now carrying out a new idea in car cards which is very interesting. A series of cards has been prepared, each bearing the picture of a house painted in three or four harmonious colors and labeled "Lucas Fashion Plate No. 1," etc. Along the top of the card are pasted small labels of the different paints used, each showing the actual color in the actual paint with its name and number. Below is a brief talk on fashions in house painting and the quality of Lucas

paints.

There are twelve of these cards, each showing a different combination of colors. The houses are printed in colored inks but the labels are cut from actual painted sheets, showing the colors more accurately than can be done with inks.

After studying these cards between home and "downtown," the man with a house or stable or chicken coop to paint can figure out just the color or colors he wants and ask for them by name or number at his hardware dealer's. The dealer is supplied with numbered fashion plates to correspond with the car series so he will know what colors are being advertised and can stock accordingly. an

ea

W

ar

to

ca

W

W

ca

m

na

st

pa

th

h

According to W. C. McMullin, Sales Manager of the Lucas company, this ability to show colors accurately is the chief advantage which car card advertising possesses over magazine and newspaper work.

"Colors have a fascination beyond any amount of word-painting," said Mr. McMullin. "If a man is thinking about having his house or other building painted he is more interested in colors than anything else. In the car



Lucas Tinted Gloss Paint.

John Lucas & Co., Philadelphia. New York.

Chicago. Boston. Dallas.

cards we can combine this feature with quality talk and reason with him while his attention is drawn by the colors.

'The advantage in getting a man interested in certain colors and having him ask for them by number can be readily seen. We have no difficulty in doing this with the new cards. If he has de-

Give your home a new spring dress.

This modern booklet describes the latest fashions in "House Clothing."

Yours for the asking.



Lucas Tinted Gloss Paint.

termined upon colors, he is also more likely to pay without question the price which we must ask and get!"

Regarding the scope of his firm's advertising and the manner in which new territory is opened up, Mr. McMullin said: "At the present time, we are covering pretty thoroughly with cars all of New England, the South, Middle West and Pacific Coast, using in all about 12,000 cars. We invariably change the cards every week

and we try to get something on each card to lead the reader to watch for the next.

cor-

o he

being

ord-

ullin, com-

olors

tage

pos-

ews-

be-

int-

f a

his

lors

car

SE

sia ree.

PR.

1re

ith

wn

rs

by

Ve

nis

e-

"In some sections, where there are few cars, we find it feasible to use newspapers, and in other cases billboards. On the boards we do not use paint work but waterproof 8-sheet posters, which can be changed frequently. In many towns the dealer whose name appears on our car cards supplements this work with newspaper advertising at his own expense. Naturally we encourage this habit all we can and assist him in all possible ways.

"We believe in advertising twelve months in the year and we advertise in every town where we have representation and where the population is large enough to warrant the expenditure.

"In developing new territory, our salesmen are authorized to promise an advertising appropriation for the given section amounting to as much as 10 per cent of the dealer's first orders. Thus we know that when our advertising bills expand, the business has also expanded in proper proportion.

"This plan has been successful because our advertising has been successful. When we can walk into a man's store in Memphis and show him just what we have done for our agent in Nashville, the chances are very much in favor of our nailing him. We do very little business through Our plan is to get the largest dealer in a city and have him act as distributor to the smaller dealers in his territory, carrying a sufficiently large stock so that he can fill in for the smaller man as occasion requires.

"We put this man's name on our car cards and other advertising so that he reaps large benefit direct."

It is interesting to note that this firm, coincident with its growth as an advertiser, has been compelled recently to build a large and well-equipped factory in Chicago to relieve the rapidly growing pressure on its main p'ant at Gibbstown, N. J., near Philadelphia.

Extension

The best Catholic monthly magazine published. The only Catholic monthly which is owned by and whose profits belong to the work of the

CHURCH

Reaches 80,000 of the

HOMES

Reaches all the United States Catholic

INSTITUTIONS

The readers of **Extension** are capable and willing to patronize any advertiser who advertises what is wanted.

Rate, 50c. Per Agate Line

EXTENSION MAGAZINE

HOME OFFICE 120-130 Sherman St. Chicago, Ill.

NEW YORK OFFICE 1 Madison Ave. New York.

JAMES K. BOYD, Adv. Mgr.

PLETON'S.

With the June issue, Appleton's Magazine suspended and its subscription list has been absorbed by

Hampton's Magazine.

Appleton's was originally the Booklover's Magazine, published by Seymour Eaton, and was changed to Appleton's on its purchase by D. Appleton & Co. It has printed a number of the most popular serials, including several by Robert Chambers, and has had a considerable number of readers.

PORTRAIT ADVERTISING DAMAGES.

A curious libel suit has just reached a final decision of the Supreme Court of the United States. It was that of a of the United States. It was that of a woman temperance advocate in Iowa whose portrait was published, though with another name, in an advertisement of a Western brand of whiskey, in which she was represented as strongly commending the liquor. The suit was against a Chicago paper in which the advertisement appeared and the Illinois courts decided against the plaintiff, but she has carried the case to the highest appeal and Justice Holmes decided that as her acquaintances might have recognished. her acquaintances might have recognized the portrait, despite the alias, and the tendency of the advertisement would thus be to "seriously hurt her standing with a considerable and respectable class in the community," she is entitled to damages.

CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS OF ENG-LISH PRINTERS' INK.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NEW YORK, May 28, 1909.

Editor of PRINTERS' INK:

Editor of PRINTERS' INK:

Acknowledging your courteous note of the 27th inst., I am very glad that you are undertaking an English edition of PRINTERS' INK, and I am confident it will be entirely successful.

I share your knowledge of the fact that PRINTERS' INK is well known among English advertisers, and it is as highly appreciated abroad as it is in this country. Its acceptability as a journal of advertising has highly increased under your able management, and I congratulate you upon the progress that has been made.

LOUIS WILEY.

LOUIS WILEY.

Richard W. Boren, who for a year and a half has been the expert ad-compositor and trade-paper man on the in-struction staff of the International Corstruction staff of the international cor-respondence School of Advertising, at Scranton, has been engaged by the General Electric Company for special advertising work. It is understood that the General Electric Company will undertake some advertising on behalf of such specialties as electric irons, cigar lighters, etc.

HAMPTON'S ABSORBS AP- BIG ELECTRIC SIGNS.

THE LARGEST ELECTRIC SIGN IN THE WORLD BEING BUILT - REVENUE FROM SIGN MADE BUILDING OWN-ERS HESITATE TO TEAR DOWN.

What it is believed will be the largest electric sign in the world to be built for general advertising purposes will soon be completed on the roof of the electric sign in the world to be built for general advertising purposes will soon be completed on the roof of the Hotel Normandie, at Broadway and Thirty-eighth street, New York City. It will be 40 feet high and 92 feet wide and it will show for a greater distance in New York's gorgeous nightly illumination than any other electric "medium" along the "Great White Way."

The new sign, which will be put up by the O. J. Gude Company, will carry the advertisement of one of the big national advertisers. It is expected it will show novel electrical effects that will be a distinct advance over anything now in evidence on Broadway. Several

now in evidence on Broadway. Several important concerns are negotiating for important concerns are negotiating for the space and the one which contracts for it will have to pay \$1,500 a month for the privilege of using it. Up to this time the highest rental paid for an electric advertising sign in New York has been \$1,200, this being the cost to the lessee of the large sign at Broadway, Seventh avenue and Forty-seventh street. The record for size along Broadway, however, has been held until now by the electric sign on the Hotel Metropole

the electric sign on the Hotel Metropole, at Forty-second street. This is a par-This is a par-gn which for ticularly attractive sign which for months has flashed out upon the night sign air the merits of the Heatherbloom petti-coat. It is 40 feet high by 65 feet wide. This sign is now about to come down, as the Metropole has just been sold to make way for a seven-story office building, which will have an electrical display of

its own on its tower.

An interesting fact in connection with the fate of the Metropole and one sig-nificant also of the stage of financial importance which outdor advertising has reached is that the owners of the hotel hesitated for some time before deciding to sell, for the reason that they were in doubt whether it would not be to their greater advantage to allow the structure

greater advantage to allow the structure to stand and continue to receive the revenues which would have come from advertising signs on the building.

In order to make room for the new sign on the Normandie the large "Gold Seal Champagne" sign, which stands on a lower building two doors south a lower building two doors south of the hotel, will have to come down. This latter has been for some time one of the most prominent on Broadway and looms up plainly as far south as Twenlooms up plainly as far south as Jooms up plainly as far south as I well-ty-sixth street, more than a half-mile away. It is formed of 1,700 separate lights and eight different colors appear in it. The new sign will have a still greater number of lights and its color scheme will be even more elaborate.

Because of his decision to live in California, James W. Grubb has disposed of his interests in the Republican-Register, Galesburg, Ill., to his associates, George A. Perry and Omer N. Custer.

Senator Dolliver

NS.

THE NUE

WN-WN.

rgest built will

. It

ance nina-

um' up

arry big

d it that ning eral for acts onth

this

has the ay, eet. ay,

by ole, arfor ght tti-

de. 38

ake ng,

ith ig-

nas tel

ng in

eir re

he om

ew

on th

n. né nd

te

or

The Honorable United States senator from Iowa, Jonathan P. Dolliver, recently said to an eastern audience: "It is indeed true that I owe much to the fine ideals, practical advice and helpful instruction derived in my earlier days from American Agriculturist. And in these later days its development has gone on until it is now a mighty power for progress throughout the length and breadth of the whole United States."

What Senator Dolliver has said about this paper other great minds have said regarding the other two members of

The **ORANGE JUDD TRIO**

Orange Judd Farmer, American Agriculturist and New England Homestead are mighty factors in the up-lift of the American farmer. Every phase of farm and family life is carefully taken up and treated, and in a practical way, too, so that practical people may understand. Practice instead of theory is the idea of the Orange Judd Trio.

Over a quarter of a million, and of the right kind of farmers, read these papers every week. The editorial policy of the Orange Judd Trio has so endeared itself to the farmers of this country that they have implicit confidence in these papers from cover to cover.

Interesting facts that will cost you nothing regarding the success of many advertisers in these papers are yours for the asking.

ORANGE JUDD COMPANY

Western Office: 1448 Marquette Building Chicago, Ill.

Headquarters: 439-441 Lafayette Street 1-57 West Worthington St. New York

Eastern Office: Springfield, Mass.

THE CONSTRUCTIVE AD-VERTISING OF THE N. Y. CENTRAL LINES.

\$500,000 A YEAR SPENT FOR ADVERTISING—TRADE-MARKING A TRAIN—BUILDING UP SUBURBAN AND VACATION SENTIMENT—SUBWAY CARDS AND POSTERS EXTENSIVELY USED,

By Lester A. Brady

It was the late widely revered George H. Daniels who started the New York Central Lines on its extensive advertising career; but he never spent nearly the total yearly sum now expended by this great railway. \$600,000 a year for advertising makes the New York Central Lines one of the few largest advertisers in the United States, if not in the world.

The marked thing about the advertising of this railway is its belief in constructive work. It is so far ahead of the timetable kind of railway advertising that few if any other railways in the United States can measure up to its copy and designs. The advertising policies have been worked out from a fundamental basis, along educational lines, with a solid faith in the ability of printers' ink to sway the course of public opinion. In this respect the New York Central advertising has attempted bolder things with its advertising than perhaps any railway ever attempted.

Again, the advertising has been hitched to concrete conditions in a way that should be a strong example to other large business concerns. So much so that a study of the New York Central advertising would be more or less meaningless without a knowledge of what the railway is doing. There are big things doing in New York railway transportation. Both the New York Central and the Pennsylvania Railway are busy spending hundreds of millions building wonderful new terminals. The New York Central and allied lines have long been the only railway actually landing passengers into New York from trains. Now the Pennsylvania company, after a year or more, will do the same.

Again, the New York Central branches, including the West Shore, are being electrically equipped within a radius of from twenty-five to fifty miles. Probably nearly 200 suburban points are now offered a commutation service which can scarcely be equalled in the world.

These are some of the larger facts to which advertising has been harnessed, and of course one of the first things that the constructive advertising mind of Philip Lockwood, advertising manager, and his advisers saw was that an educational campaign to turn the minds of New Yorkers toward suburban life was sure to be profitable in the long run.

A handsome booklet was prepared illustrating and describing suburban points, and then an ex-



THE SUBURBAN CAMPAIGN SERIES.

tensive subway car card and poster campaign, as well as a newspaper series was prepared. All of these ads argued in general for suburban life, and the designs were directly aimed to stimulate desire for suburban living. Considerable argument is used, and the points of view are varied to appeal to all kinds of people. "Was it successful?" Well, you may

judge from the fact that we printed 10,000 booklets and have less than 1,000 left," says Mr. Lockwood. "The ads pulled inquiries, the subway cards and posters as well as the newspaper ads. We were after not only the New Yorker, but the suburbanite in other districts who might be induced to change to our suburban district.

ntral

Vest

ally

ably

are

rvice

d in

rger

has

one

the

nan-

was

to to

kers

e to

pre-

oing

ex-

S-

a-

of

Or

ns

te

d-

he

p-

as

ay

"We do not look for immediate results from this suburban campaign, or any of our other educational campaigns. We are building for the future as well as for to-day, and we want most of all to get people to know the things we want them to know, whether they act on this knowledge to-day or next year. We will keep up our suburban campaign indefinitely.

"Take our subway campaign to associate the subway permanently with the Grand Central station, and bring out the convenience that the great subway system is to people who travel via the New York Central. We look for no result at all from this campaign except to make it clear to all who use the subways that the system is simply a sheltered vestibule extension of great convenience to New York Central travelers. We have posters at every subway station, giving the exact subway running time between that station to or from Grand Central station. In this way we educate people to see the advantage of Grand Central over any competing station in New York.

"Our resort advertising is another great branch of our advertising. We spend a great deal of money advertising the Adiron-dacks, Thousand Islands, Lake George, etc., and maintain a travel bureau which answers all requests for information and itineraries from readers of magazines, newspapers or booklet advertising. We answer many thousands of such inquiries. Last year we made a unique experiment with these inquiries. At the end of the season we sent out 5,000 letters asking inquirers to write us whether they had made the trip and what they had to say, good or bad, about our service. We received possibly 3,000 letters back, giving us a valuable proof of the efficiency of onr advertising, as well as some interesting criticisms.

"I believe good railway advertising is a vital part of a progressive railway's policy. No matter how well known the road, there are new generations constantly





SUBWAY POSTER AND CAR CARD.

growing up and new people arriving in our territory, who need to be educated."

One of the most interesting advertising efforts of the New York Central lines has been the deliberate selection of a train whose patronage had been known unvaryingly for years, and trade-mark and advertise it. This was done with an old train to Buffalo, now called the "Buffalonian." An advertising campaign costing several thousand dollars was started to advertise this train, and a lively

picture of a buffalo was adopted as its trade-mark. Within a month after the advertising started the tickets for this train increased very extensively, and now it has reached almost double its former patronage, and much more than



paid for the expense of advertising it. This patronage keeps up and is evidently permanent—making a most striking example of the power of advertising. The buffalo trade-mark has made a hit, especially among Buffalo merchants, who have copied it in their ads. The Twentieth Century Limited,

the famous eighteen-hour train be-



ONE OF THE RESORT ADS.

tween New York and Chicago, has taken such a hold on popular imagination that it has passed into a figure of speech. Senators and other orators have quoted it in their speeches as a symbol of speed and modern mechanical achievement, and it is constantly used in newspapers and magazines.

An interesting scheme has been hit upon to give unity to the frequent announcements of special excursions. A standard head is used, and now instead of small separate ads, all the excursion announcements appear under one head, whether there are twenty or just one.

Mr. Lockwood, the H. E. Lesan Advertising Agency and other officials, have a weekly advertising conference at which advertising policies and individual pieces of copy are discussed. Every man's O.K. must be on each ad or it is not run, and in this way thorough advertising co-operation is secured.

NEW OUT-DOOR CAMPAIGNS IN ST. LOUIS.

Many advertisers whose copy has never been seen on billboards before are appearing in St. Louis this month for the first time. Among the largest concerns who are using the boards of the St. Louis Bill Posting Company are:

A. G. Spaulding, advertising sporting goods; Anheuser-Busch Brewing Company; the Remington Typewriter Company; McKinney Bread Company; Corno Mills Company; "National Oats"; Wm. Wrigley, "Spearmint" Gum; Pullen-Richardson Chemical Company, "Cafe-Koi"; Sulpho Saline Water; the Missouri Pacific Railroad.

W. J. Hatton has assumed the advertising managership of the Toledo Express. Mr. Hatton was with the Pittsburg Dispatch for fourteen years and succeeded R. A. Brinkerhoff, who has retired after twenty-five years' service. The Express is one of the most enterprising German dailies in the United States. The home ownership of the 40,000 Germans in Toledo is said to be larger in percentage than any city in the country.

A. W. Schwartz has resigned as advertising manager of the Elizabeth, N. J., Times to accept a similar position with the Enterprise Coal Company of the same city. A number of other changes in the staff of the Times is contemplated.

D. LeGrand Hedges, formerly of the Publicity Company, N. Y., is now on the advertising staff of Suburban Life.

Mark R. Plainsted, formerly with the Fresno, Cal., Democrat, has become advertising manager of the Wichita, Kan., Beacon.

The Carriage Monthly has started a department devoted to selling and advertising methods in the motor car trade.

INDIANA

Out in INDIANA everything—everybody is prosperous.

INVESTIGATE AND SEE FOR YOURSELF

INDIANA is one of the greatest producing States.
INDIANA has no mill towns.

INDIANA has very little of the foreign population.
INDIANA cities are clean manufacturing centres.

INDIANA citizens are the good, hardworking take-an-interest-in-the-government kind of citizens.

They're the ones for you to go after with your advertising for they're the best kind of buyers.

Here's the pick of the cities—and here are the papers necessary.

Fort Wayne Journal Gazette

Lafayette Courier Anderson Bulletin
Marion Leader Kokomo Tribune
Richmond Item Logansport Journal

No experimenting with these towns or papers

Let me talk to you about them

M. C. WATSON

34 WEST 33d STREET

NEW YORK CITY

small on another or

been

other rertisidvervidual assed. each this oper-

has before

argest
ds of
are:
orting
ComComcomy;
ats";
allenaf-EMis-

adoledo the years who sermost the ship said any

adeth, tion of her is

the

the

a de.

ADVERTISING A CITY HOTEL.

PRACTICAL PLANS TO EXTEND THE BUSINESS AND PRESTIGE OF A LIVE HOSTELRY.

By Amos Woodbury Rideout,

Hotel advertising has always been done in a desultory sort of way with no knowledge as to whether a given advertisement brought any actual and tangible returns. There seemed to be no way of tracing direct results, unless, perchance, some guest mentioned the source of the information that led him to that particular hostelry. Four inches single column, a picture of the house, and a few brief words as to rates. placed in any medium that would take its pay in accommodations. This, in brief, is the way hotels are advertised.

It goes without saying that any caravansary that is a little bit better than the average will advertise itself, but, even then, the judicious use of a little printer's ink might add to the profits. A method whereby results could be traced and worthless mediums weeded out, the same as with any other class of advertising, is the thing needed. The writer believes that this is possible. Here is the plan: The quarter-page space as suggested above is quite sufficient, and the picture of the house is also proper and right. The name of the city wherein this particular inn is located should stick out,

than it usually does. You know where your travels are likely to take you, and you will readily read of the merits of "The Metropole," if you see at a glance that it is located within the zone of your peregrinations. And, then, the exact location within that city with a brief mention of the advantages of the locality—whether near theaters, shopping district, depot, etc. Then how reached, what different lines of trolley, subways, "L," trains, etc., pass the house or near it. If it's a small city and you have a free bus, you will, of course, state that fact. I recall a large metropolitan hotel

however, much more prominently

not a thousand miles from Philadelphia, which gives in its advertisements no clue to its location. You must needs ask the cabman, policeman, or look it up in the directory when you arrive, if you wish to find it. Rates, of course, should be mentioned, as they usually are. Now, then, add to this an invitation to send for a free booklet, describing your hotel and its further advantages. This will get hold of people who really have intentions of visiting your

Of course, a resort hotel must take up the subject of the charms of the place, but, as Kipling would "that is another story." Make a card for all names received asking for booklet, and follow them up two or more times a year with other brief matter, if only a form letter, setting forth anything new which you may have done or are doing in the way of improvements, etc. You may have been installing some new fixtures or service or making additions of Tell them about it, some sort. whatever it is; it will serve to remind them of your house, and that they should use it when they come to your town.

Now, the register can be gone over each day, and each new name looked up to see if it is on your card system; and when found there, as Captain Cuttle would say, "make a note on." In this way, you will be able to get a line on your advertising mediums and finally eliminate those which have failed to produce results. will also keep in touch with your guests and bring them back again. This matter of the card system will be very little trouble. clerk knows the regular guests, and when a new face comes along. he can look for the card, and, if there is none there, make one. If your advertising is placed on a trade basis-and there is surely no objection to this-don't fail to give the publisher's representative just as glad a hand as anybody else. In this way, you will enhance the value of the advertising. It is a case of value received on both sides; he is in no sense a dead head.

THE METHODISTS

Two Million Circulation

WEEKLIES

rn.

u

o a ci

The Epworth Herald, Chicago Pittsburg Christian Advocate, Pittsburg, Pa. Western Christian Advocate, Cincinnati, Ohio Northwestern Christian Advocate, Chicago Central Christian Advocate, Kansas City, Mo. Der Christliche Apologete, Cincinnati, Ohio California Christian Advocate, San Francisco, Cal.

866,000

Pacific Christian Advocate, Portland, Ore. Methodist Advocate Journal, Athens, Tenn. The Baltimore Methodist, Baltimore, Md. The Classmate, Cincinnati, Ohio

The Sunday School Advocate, Cincinnati, Ohio

MONTHLIES

Sunday School Journal, Cincinnati, Ohio
Haus und Herd, Cincinnati, Ohio
Deaconess Advocate, Chicago
Bible Teachers Training Magazine, Cincinnati,

169,000

QUARTERLIES

Senior Quarterly, Cincinnati, Ohio Intermediate Quarterly, Cincinnati, Ohio Illustrated Quarterly, Cincinnati, Ohio Home Department Quarterly, Cincinnati, Ohio

958,000

BI-MONTHLY

The Methodist Review, Cincinnati, Ohio

7,000

There are many excellent reasons why THE METHODISTS are of peculiar value to the general, or mail order, advertiser. These publications are elements of power and influence in the high grade homes in which they circulate.

The character of clientele is excellent—beyond a doubt, and the only cheap thing about these publications is the advertising rate.

> Advertising Department, General Office, 57 Washington Street, Chicago A. E. Dunn, Manager

We are the exclusive National Selling Agents for the space of more than three-fourths of the cars in the United States, Canada, Cuba, Mexico, Porto Rico, Brazil and the Philippine Islands.

STREET RAILWAYS ADVERTISING COMPANY

Home Office: Flatiron Bldg. NEW YORK

Western Office, First Nat'l Bank Bldg. Humboldt Bank Bldg. Chicago

Pacific Coast Office. San Francisco

THE PECULIAR ADVERTIS-ING POWER OF RE-LIGIOUS PAPERS.

HOW THE RELIGIOUS FIELD CAME TO BE NEGLECTED—STRENGTH IN AG-RICULTURAL DISTRICTS—PECULIAR STANDING IT ENJOYS WITH READ-FBS

By J. F. Jacobs.

The religious papers came to be neglected in the advertising world some years ago. This was due to a number of causes. The principal cause was the growing strength of the dailies. The magazines coming into existence and becoming popular were able to monopolize the attention of the advertising public; the invention of the half tone engraving and its use in an artistic way in magazine advertising on coated paper and with fine ink attracted the attention of the advertising public to such a degree, and also attracted the attention of the readers of advertisements to such a degree as to make the religious papers temporarily take a back seat.

Magazines and the dailies becoming very strong were able to present their case before the advertising public so much more extensively than the religious papers were able to do, both by advertising and by personal soliciting, that the religious papers were almost forgotten. Very few individual religious papers are strong enough to be able to travel men in their advertising departments. They were dependent upon mail solicitation, and soliciting by mail is a very weak method of securing business as compared with personal soliciting.

Consequently, for lack of organization among religious papers they were gradually being almost forgotten, and magazine advertising with daily advertising came so popular as to seriously injure the attention to religious papers.

However, with the resumption of activity on the farm, the increase of price on corn, wheat, oats, cotton and other farm products, the attention of the country was gradually attracted to the fact that the agricultural population was the source of business to such a large degree that prominent business men and intelligent agencies began to look out for some means of reaching the farmer. This could not be done by the daily or by the magazine. Consequently, the agricultural publications cameinto great popularity, though unable of themselves to press their cause very vigorously.

Finally the religious papers, by

reason of organization, are gradually coming to the front again. Our own organization being the strongest and the Religious Press Association of Philadelphia, the Associated Religious Press, New York, Dun's Methodists and several smaller concerns, among them W. W. Kimball, have been actively, in recent years, working for religious papers and bringing the religious papers to the attention of the public. The public is gradually coming to realize that the religious papers have a circulation, especially in the agriculation.

lation, especially in the agricultural area of the United States. very similar to the circulation of the agricultural papers, except that it is a little bit more exclusive, going to the more substantial farmers and more substantial people generally in towns and cities and country places. Of course, in agricultural communities, where the population is predominately agricultural, as in the South and West, the circulation of these religious papers is also predominately agricultural. In our list eighty-three per cent is rural to only seventeen per cent urban, this being about the percentage of distribution of population between the cities and the country.

In South Carolina there is about 30,000 circulation of religious weeklies which take advertising, distributed generally through the State, as compared with 10,000 circulation of the dailies distributed outside of the home town in which dailies are printed. There are about fourteen home towns in which dailies are printed, and those home towns have about 150,000 population, while the balance of the population of 1,350,000 has to be reached by 10,000 out of

town distribution of dailies. The religious papers would give 30,000 to reach the million and a half population of South Carolina and consequently constitute a more thorough and better campaign. This applies to a greater or less degree in nearly all the Southern

I might say further that the religious press has been largely instrumental in bringing about the awakening of a national conscience throughout the United States. It is partially due, and quite largely due, to the influence of the religious press that the country is awakening to a higher standard of business integrity. A sentiment awakened in a religious denomination in America and set alive by a religious publication representing that denomination finds expression in action of the church body. These actions are brought to the attention of government at home and abroad and have their moral influence, and in this way reforms are accomplished, even in heathen countries, through the molding of sentiment in civilized and in Christian countries. course, all these great reforms, which originating with the church weeklies, have been taken up dailies and magazines and popularized in a secondary way by these other publications, are not wholly attributable in their results to the religious papers, but they are very largely to be attributed to the influence of the religious papers as their originators and most loyal supporters.

Religious papers appeal to all that is noblest and best in human nature. They appeal to the religious element in humanity and to religious aspirations. They therefore come to the reader with the endorsement of the conscience of the reader, and come with an authority which no secular publication can possibly have. They are received with reverence and with a degree of respect which is unknown in the reading of any secu-

lar publication.

WHAT GOOD ADVERTISING MEANS.

In an address recently delivered before the Retail Merchants' Association of Portland, Ore., Reed Moyer, until recently advertising manager for Lipman, Wolfe & Co., and now with Weinstock, Lubin & Co., Sacramento, Cal., made the following sensible remarks on advertising:

The important things in advertising are not the technical details of writing and printing. You can employ authors.

are not the technical details of writing and printing. You can employ authors by the dozen at very small salaries. But a competent advertiser must know your business thoroughly, must know your trade, your field of business, be in sympathy with and have a full knowledge of your business ideas, and know how to merchandise goods. That is why I say that every merchant quick is why I say that every merchant ought to know most about advertising his business. And if it is necessary for him to employ an advertising man, I think that he ought to keep in constant touch with his policy and ideas.

I speak of these facts because they do not seem to be widely recognized, except by the small number of business men who have made a great advertising success. Many merchants who are sound business men otherwise, will often refer to a certain announcement as a "clever ad," when it is really a bunch of hot air.

ad," when it is really a bunch of not air.
Advertising is salesmanship, and just as you expect a salesman to be level-headed, intelligent and truthful, and able to talk about the specific selling points of your merchandise, so must an advertising man be able to talk everyday facts in a commonsense, intelligent manner. An advertising man everyday facts in a commonsense, in-telligent manner. An advertising man who can talk to your customers in a convincing way, in a way to create desire for specific articles, in a way that can be backed up by the mer-chandise, is the kind, of a man you can entrust with your advertising appropriation, providing that he also knows what to advertise and when to adver-

There is nothing in the world so interesting as simple facts that you want to know, truthfully told. The great orator is not the man who weaves beautiful strings of words, but the man who can state the facts in a simple, logical, authoritative manner. The junk store that has just bought out the leading milliner of Paris or that has captured the greatest shoe bargains ever known, cannot begin to equal the sales or profits of a store that keeps good merchandise at the right price at the right time, and tells in a simple manner the exact facts about it.

have been remarkably impressed I have been remarkably impressed with the simplicity and directness of great men I have met or seen. In a merchandising way, I have been impressed with the simplicity of statement of such great advertisers as Marshall Field & Co. I feel that the next great step in the development of advertising will be in the wider use of a simple, direct statement of facts, leaving out the bombast and the divergence from facts which take place too often in advertising. advertising.

The Rockford, Ill., Star, is conducting a health campaign giving free lectures and planning a big public rally against the white plague.

How to Reach the South



ING

d beation until Lipwith ento,

ising

iting

ries.

now

full

and

That ight his

for

ant

hey

less

ing

fer

ver

ust

nd ng

alk in-

an

ite

ay

211

p.

r

THE problem of advertising without waste of circulation is solved so far as the South is concerned. Of its twenty-five million inhabitants, one-third are colored, one-third mill operatives, factory and farm hands, and the other third SUB-STANTIAL, PROSPEROUS WHITE PEOPLE. The first two classes named are negligible quantities for an advertiser because they

have no capital and slight purchasing power. The other eight million white people, however (as a result of the high prices of cotton and other products that have obtained for the last nine years), are rich—good livers, heavy buyers and readers of Religious Weeklies;

for in the South the church is the center of all social, educational and religious life for eight-tenths of the better class of white people. The Religious Weeklies are the high-toned family papers, and exert the most powerful influence upon the home-life of their readers. They measure up with the best under the mathematical test of "keyed" copy.

We represent four-fifths of the thoroughly established and influential Southern religious weeklies, covering seventeen states and twelve white denominations. Average age of papers, forty-one years.

The cotton crop of the South is now greater, in dollars and cents, than the wheat crop of the United States. This has a momentous meaning to an advertiser—if he selects the right media.

Write for our rate sheet and full particulars about Southern conditions.

RELIGIOUS PRESS ADVERTISING SYNDICATE JACOBS & COMPANY, Proprietors Home Office: CLINTON, S. C.

BRANCH OFFICES IN THE LEADING CITIES

19 Business

515,000 SUBSCRIBERS



WEEKLIES Published. Sunday School Times..... 50 years Presbyterian 79 years Lutheran Observer 77 years Christian Standard..... 58 years Baptist Commonwealth..... 25 years Ref. Church Messenger 79 years Lutheran 49 years Christian Instructor..... 62 years Episcopal Recorder..... 85 years Methodist 31 years Philadelphia, Pa. Christian Union Herald 30 years Pittsburg, Pa. Onward 3 years Richmond, Va. MONTHLIES Earnest Worker..... 40 years Richmond, Va. Augsburg Teacher..... 35 years Heidelberg Teacher 37 years Philadelphia, Pa.

Advanced Scholars 30 years Intermediate Scholars..... 28 years Junior Scholars 10 years Home Department..... 11 years Philadelphia, Pa.

QUARTERLIES

(The Reformed Church)

We are the advertising managers of these publications. Write us for rates or other information.

THE RELIGIOUS PRESS ASSOCIATION

901-902 Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

Zion's

The New England Methodist Weekly

Estab. 1823 Subscription, \$2.50

Reaches its readers during the quiet hours at home

36 Bromfield Street, Boston Rates and samples on request





Portland, Oregon

OFFICIAL PAPER

Circulates among the Catholics of the Rich, Prosperous, Populous

COLUMBIA VALLEY

Base rate, 3/10 cents per line per thousand. Write for Circulation Statement and Rate Card.

12 PAGES 84-21"COLUMNS ESTAB. 40 YEARS



Published in English

RESULTS OF KANSAS CITY'S VIGOROUS AD-VERTISING CAMPAIGN.

FORTY-FIVE FACTORIES SECURED—
FEW "CURIOSITY" INQUIRIES—
BUSINESSLIKE METHODS PURSUED
—"FACTORY FACTS" AND GRAPHIC
MAPS A BIG HELP.

Kansas City made up its mind two years ago to enter the fight for factories and induce the location there of desirable industrial institutions. The Manufacturers and Merchants' Association decided to raise a fund of \$20,000, prepare effective and specific literature and advertise in the public

press.

The plans were prepared as follows: An executive Publicity Committee was appointed with power, George H. Tefft, chairman. The Executive Committee selected sub-committees of from three to five members each. The business community was districted; and the business men within these districts classified on a basis of the average struck between the rating in Dun's and the return on the tax duplicate (thus anticipating any excuse either way on the part of the party solicited).

The first move was solicitation by a sub-committee into whose hands a definite list was given of each prospect within the district and an approximation of the contribution expected set opposite each name as a gauge of the amount fairly to be expected. The chairman of each committee carried a poll book for notation of results and a report blank for return to the chairman of the Publicity Committee for record in the card index kept by the Associa-

tion as a whole.

Where this first sub-committee failed to secure a contribution immediate report to Chairman Tefft was followed by executive order to the next sub-committee popularly known as "The Flying Squadron." This Flying Squadron immediately directed its energy against the same prospect very much after the fashion of a

rapid-fire follow-up campaign in correspondence except that in the Kansas City instance each letter

traveled on two feet.

Where the first Flying Squadron failed Mr. Tefft made up a Picked Committee from a "Volunteer Corps" of the "Cracker-jacks" of the young business element of the city, and wherever they fell down the final and concluding attack was made by "The Old Guard" under the leadership of A. A. Whipple, who proved himself the Marshal Ney of the conflict. The entire fund of \$20,-



FULL PAGE NEWSPAPER AD.

000 dollars was raised in less than ten weeks—and the movement when once started, and exciting as it did extraordinary newspaper comment, brought in scores of voluntary contributions, some of them for the express purpose of escaping the deadly fire of the human artillery which threatened them and which they knew by hearsay was more than imminent!

The money raised, books were prepared for mail use. They first calculated to convince any interested manufacturer that the purpose of Kansas City was legitimate as well as logical. This little book was entitled "Better Lose the Factory than Let the

Factory Lose," conveying the idea in a nutshell that Kansas City didn't even want a factory that couldn't do as well or better there than elsewhere. Indeed the Manufacturers' Association went even further than this, and, following the counsel of its expert, frankly announced that it would rather not have a factory come to Kansas City unless Kansas City was, in fact, the most advantageous site

for such industry.

In addition to the preliminary book Kansas City put out its "business bible," and a classic of its kind, "Factory Facts"—a book of maps and comparative statistics, analyzing and contrasting Kansas City with other cities of the class of Kansas City. It gave comparative tables showing the comparative cost of transportation both of raw material and of the finished product, the comparative cost of living in different cities, the comparative wage scale in different cities, the comparative cost of power, of fuel, proximity to sources of supply of raw material in the different lines of manufacture, nearness to the fastest-growing and most profitable consuming markets for the manufactured goods, etc.

In addition were brief chapters on civic conditions, educational and residential advantages, etc., but all presented upon the basis of actual frank comparison so that the manufacturer could study the relative conditions founded upon authentic data and not misled or blinded by "scenic beauty," the "sweep of boulevards" or "elegance of homes." What the manufacturer wants to know is "Can I make more money manufacturing my goods in Kan-

sas City, and if so, why?"
But "Factory Facts" was not all. William Clendenin, who handled the account for Nelson, Chesman & Co., advertising agents, St. Louis, followed that basic book with a list of seventeen exhaustive detailed statistical documents specially prepared for each of the following lines of manufacture (specialized comparative information). These briefs were prepared for the express purpose of relieving the reader of

all confusion caused by any contradictory or conflicting claims made by the different cities, and they epitomized in concrete form the exact data bearing upon each of the different lines of manufacture covered, setting out specifically the precise information bearing upon the particular manufacturer's own line of business. A brief for each of the following Cotton goods, lines: woolen goods, vehicles, carriages, wagons, buggies, agricultural implements, cotton seed oil mills, flour mills, and cereal products, cereals wooden ware, furniture, tanneries, leather goods, boots and shoes, harness, saddlery, These briefs were accompanied by industrial maps, picturing at a glance the eccentric and wasteful movement, in many cases, of raw material, from the centers of production to the centers of manufacture and thence again to the centers of distribution and the consuming markets.

B

One thing above all Kansas City proved, and that was the supreme value of "industrial maps," showing most graphically and instantaneously the text and the lesson of the briefs, whether the recipient read the brief or not.

Her literature and follow-up prepared and ready, Kansas City launched her publicity campaign proper with a full double-page spread in the Saturday Evening Post, some time ago. This advertisement pictured the skyline of Kansas City, her skyscrapers, her railroads and factory sites, etc., together with the now famous Kansas City map showing the great centers of production of raw material clustered in a group around the city as taken from the Government Reports of the Department of Agriculture and Commerce and Labor.

In using the Saturday Evening Post it was thought that by such prominent and powerful introduction of the subject to the entire country by means of that forceful medium that general attention would be focused upon the city as a strategic site for favorable manufacture. This was followed immediately by full page

display in the leading newspapers of those cities from which Kansas City expected to draw industries. The publications employed were the Philadelphia Record, the Brooklyn Eagle, Providence Journal, Detroit Free Press, Cleveland Plain Dealer, Milwaukee Sentinel, Pittsburg Times-Chronicle, St. Louis Globe Democrat, Indianapolis News, Cincinnati Enquirer, New York Times, New York World, Chicago Tribune, etc., including such western papers as the Kansas City Star and others reproducing the copy gratuitously and upon its merits. All the newspapers in question carried the accompanying displayreader as a text reinforcement collateral to the display, and this also proved effective.

con-

and

form

each

ifac-

ecifiear-

fac-

A

ving

olen

ons,

nts,

ills.

cts.

ier-

and

etc.

ied

t a

ful

aw

ro-

111-

the

he

ity

su-

s,"

n-

es-

e-

1p

ty

gn

ge

ıg

d-

1e

0-

y

n

From the Saturday Evening Post approximately 4,000 inquiries were received, and with this very significant observation to be made upon them, namely, that 90 per cent of the requests received for "Factory Facts" were from executives of business houses, men whose names appeared upon the letterheads of the communications themselves - less than 2 per cent of postal cards, and less than 5 per cent of curiosity seek-It will be noted that the copy was so worded as to exclude practically all but the industrial and commercial community, the object of the campaign being specific in the acquisition of factories and not general, as is usu-The newspaper really the case. turns are still coming in, and altogether, Kansas City has a net return perhaps greater in gross than ever realized heretofore in the history of municipal publicity.

But the practical result is the gain of forty-five factories, thus far reported, many of them small, but one of them at least a tremendous acquisition, one of the largest knitting mills in the country, moved bodily from Michigan. Many of the new factories have been financed by outside capital and officered by younger men breaking away from old houses further removed from the centers of supply of raw material, cheap power and quick distribution.

In Des Moines (Ia.)

Do you realize that The Register and Leader and The Evening Tribune have more regular paid carrier subscribers in the city than the Capital and the News combined?

Eighty-five per cent of the English reading families in Des Moines are regular subscribers to either The Register and Leader or The Evening Tribune — 5,000 of these families are exclusive subscribers of The Register and Leader and The Evening Tribune.

The Chicago Record-Herald

gained in April, 1909, over the same month, 1908.

235 Columns of Display Advertising

The Chicago Record-Herald mas the confidence of a high-class following. It aims to print only such advertising as it believes to be reliable and trustworthy. Whenever The Record-Herald has reason to question the good faith of an advertiser the copy is declined. The Chicago Record-Herald will not knowingly print spurious, fake, get-rich-quick or highly speculative advertising. Circulation and advertising books always open to interested advertisers.

Average net paid circulation for 1908, daily, exceeded 141,000. Average net paid circulation for 1908, Sunday, exceeded 197,000.

THE=

CHICAGO RECORD-HERALD New York Office, 437 Fifth Ave.

Three Hundred Thousand Dollars

One Hundred and Fifty Thousand of the best people in America pay \$2.00 a year for the Home Herald, Chicago (formerly Ram's Horn), published weekly. These readers can afford to and do buy the best advertised goods. The money received from subscriptions goes back into the paper to make it the best reading that money can buy. We give our readers the greatest magazine of its kind in the world. We protect them by admitting nothing but high-class advertising. They believe in Home Herald and buy at sight from its advertising columns.



th

HOUSE OF THE HOME HERALD

We own our own magnificent seven-story fireproof building, equipped with six flat-bed color presses, and a new \$40,000 Hoe perfecting color press, constituting the most complete publication plant in the West. We do all kinds of high-class color work for advertisers. In a word, we are succeeding—succeeding big, because Home Herald is a part of each of the 150,000 families—one of the family. It is welcome in their homes, and its ideas are identical with those of its readers. It has tremendous power as an advertising medium.

Current copies, rates and rules, sent upon request.

PUBLISHERS



WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH HORLICK'S?

[EDITOR'S NOTE.—This is the eighth of a series of energetic criticisms of advertisers who are not measuring up to their possibilities. The criticism is directed wholly against the advertising

By J. George Frederick.

Everyone who reads advertising has suffered acute pain for several years on coming upon the pink tea and nursery class of advertising spooned out to an unwilling public by Horlick's Malted Milk.

It seemed to those of us who suffered the acutest pains that Horlick's recent "seven ages of man" ads would simply never end. And when after seven tortuous months had been taken up in passing from one "age" to another the whole series was then calmly started all over again, it seemed to us as if someone should kindly roll the seven ages of man into a dustpan and carry it out somewhere, while we fumigated the atmosphere. There may be seven ages of man all right, if Shakespeare said so, but for the love of all that is lovable, spare us from seven ages of advertising, repeating itself like history and the hurdy-gurdies!

From what paleontological period of pubescence Horlick's excavated the advertising ideas it is now setting up in front of us, only its experienced excavators probably know. It doesn't interest us one particle. But what does interest us is the outrageous attempt to make a miniature British Museum out of our advertising mediums so that new fossilized preservations of simian intellect fall upon our eyes at every turn. What shall we say as this latest strikes athwart our eyes, occupying the whole space just as shown here:

LET YOUR MALTED MILK BE HORLICK'S. There Are Good Reasons.

Suppose I have no Malted Milk, -indignantly spurn the insinuation that I ever had any since the pap-feed days of my youth, and

furthermore, do not see the slightest reason why I should ever have anything to do with Malted Milk?

Of course, Horlick's, with that self-satisfied lovely assurance which is the beautiful trusting faith of the semi-successful advertiser, will laugh to scorn the idea that there exist any but a trifling few who do not know why they should use Malted Milk, or, who know how they could use it to any particular benefit. But you and I know very well that there are many, many thousands who are without any convictions about malted milk, except that it is fed to babies and invalids. If they think about how it tastes, they are very likely to have a feeling that it isn't anything pleasant, but that you take it because the doctor says you ought to.

When you analyze this last piece of advertising for Horlick's, what can you make of it? In the first place, it doesn't address itself to anybody but the users of some kind of malted milk. Very well; but since obviously it would be of no particular use to advertise: to those who already use Horlick's, then it must be addressed solely to those who use Borden's or something else. Granting this as inevitable logic, then is it not a slap in the face of intelligence to expect those who now use Borden's to get terribly excited about Horlick's and those "reasons" which hold out a promise of something, like a garrulous old woman's gossip, but never materialize?

Here, for instance, is a letter actually received by Printers' Ink from a housewife who has an intelligent eve for advertising:

NEW YORK CITY, May 18. Editor of PRINTERS' INK:

I have been following with interest your series on "What's the Matter With, etc," and offer for your contemplation the subject of "What's the Matter with Horlicks."

What is the matter with them?
Their mystical, watery ads stare at one from every subway station.

Now we all know that for our friend Mr. Post "there's a reason," which he has canned and kept on ice all these years so the public could not find it, and which he would, O! never, never tell.

And now comes Horlick, who tells "there are good reasons" why the

public should use their consolidated lacteal fluid. I want to know what the reasons are, where they are, and why Hor-lick is keeping them so dark. It's too much to ask a jaded strap-hanging public to work its weary

public to work its weary brain fathoming these "good" reasons, or get-ting next them by telepa-

I have been wanting to write and ask Mr. Post what his reason is, but feared I might be presuming. And now these Horlick ads make me desperate, for the secrecy of you ad men is so bai-

I almost believe they might be "bad" reasons, from the reluctance of Horlick to state them, and if they are so very, very "good," why don't they state them—or say anything at all about their goods that would tempt the consumer to try it?

Yours respectfully,

Mrs. C. S. M.

Mark this! for every woman who has the courage to write her convictions like this, there are hundreds of 'housands, yea, millions, who feel exactly like her.

All that the ponderous professors of psychology might say to support Horlick's ef-

fort to sell goods "by command, and by suggestion," falls to the ground like crumbling putty. You simply cannot chuck the public under the chin in such kindergarten, childish fashion as this, and

expect to sell any goods.

Imagine a salesman stepping up to any modern human being with two eyes and a semblance of brain and saying "Let your malted milk be Horlick's—there are reasons," and then passing on. If we didn't tell the next policeman we met to look out for that young man and observe him for signs of emotional insanity, we would certainly never worry over the loony words he uttered.

Well, it's easy to fume and sputter over poor advertising, but a little harder to show what should be done. But Horlick's ought

A Cooling Hot Weather **Business Lunch**

Hot!-Yes, but hotter still if you lunch on solid food.

Order a Horlick's Egg Malted Milk-an iced Horlick's and a flavor, perhaps with a dash of cinnamon.

refreshing as a drink-nourishing but not heating as a food. Be sure it's lorlick's Malted



There is No Better Picnic Drink tl

C

n 1

N

a

Want a cool and tasty drink for your picnic? Very welltake along plenty of

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

No time or trouble to make it-yet it's better and less heating food than anything you can take. Be sure it's Horlick's

A Friend to Tired Shoppers

When you're a bit faint and tired with shopping, sit down and have a Horlick's Egg Malted Milk. It's a lunch, a tonic and a refreshing drink all in one Be sure it's

Horlick's Malted Milk

CAR CARDS THAT HORLICK'S SHOULD BUT DON'T.

> to do so much and such primary things that it isn't terribly hard to tell them. Anyone of a thousand competent advertising men in America could show Horlick's how to make many more thousands of dollars than they now make. Doubtless they've been told so over and over again, and have learned how to wrinkle up a cynical sneer whenever they hear anyone say so; but business is business, and in their own private little inner chamber, when they apply the business ability they must have, to the practical things that the right kind of advertising men tell them, they have simply got to confess that they are drifting with their advertising and not pulling with a long pull and a strong pull toward more business and new business.

Why does not Horlick's undertake through its street car and subway copy, to build up a desire this summer for soda fountain trade? They have a great opportunity. Malted milk, in its attractive preparations at soda fountains, is one of the most wholesome, refreshing hot weather lunches or betweentimes drinks that anyone could desire. Business men and business women, shoppers and everybody ought to be educated to drink the delicious malted milk drinks prepared by good fountains. the egg malted milk drink-there is nothing better in summer, and many a wise man or woman has learned to drink it, and sticks to it. But they never learned to ask for it from any advertising Horlick's ever put out - more shame to Horlick's!

This country is growing more and more temperate every year, and soda fountain sales are enormous, but malted milk drinks form only a tiny percentage of them. Yet the flavors and soda one gets at many fountains is an abomination unto Jehovah, and drive many people away. Malted milk drinks give one more refreshment as well as easily digestible nutriment than probably anything ever sold at a fountain. And no one is telling the public so!

New York is the stronghold of Borden's Malted Milk—hence the subway cards and poster campaign from Horlick's. No better medium could be chosen than the subways and elevated cars—but the dents Horlick's puts into Borden's will not be very numerous with such

Suppose something like the accompanying copy was run. And then suppose other cards—a complete series of them—were run, showing how cold malted milk is a refreshment, a tonic and a food, that it is at the same time the cheapest and most nutritious lunch anyone could buy; that it is delicious with ice cream; that children should be encouraged to get it instead of other fountain concections of very doubtful value; that for automobiling, pienics, bicycling, camping, it is an ideal

lunch; that it is good with vichy or fruit flavors, and that taken hot before retiring it relaxes for sleep.

I am merely sketching the possibilities—they could be worked out practically. The cards should make a particular attempt to bring out the idea of delicious taste and refreshment, and work against the semi-medicinal idea that many people associate with malted milk. The great trouble with all food preparations is that too little emphasis on the appetizing qualities is made. People have no love for a food preparation, however fine its dietetic value, if it doesn't taste good to them.

Even if everybody did know all about the many various uses for malted milk—which of course they don't—it would still be wise to keep telling about them specifically, for two strong reasons. First, because people need to be reminded; second, because young people are constantly growing up, and new people arriving in America who need to be educated.

Each and every situation in which malted milk is used,—and there are many, for children and invalids and nursing mothers, and people with any temporary ailment, or just normally in need of a warm, comforting drink—should be exploited. Horlick's should attempt to popularize a habit of drinking a cup of hot malted milk as a quick sleep-bringer at night; as a business peoples' and shoppers' lunch, summer and winter, and as a general soda fountain drink that is more delicious than any other concoction.

Some malted milk will do these things some day, and then, watch out!

A. E. DUNN REMAINS WITH METHODIST BOOK CONCERN.

An announcement recently circulated that A. E. Dunn had resigned as advertising manager for the Methodist Book Concern, New York, has been misunderstood by some.

Mr. D'unn resigned the advertising management of the Christian Advocate and other publications of the Methodst Book Concern of New York, but is still the advertising manager for all of the publications of the Western Methodist Book Concern.

MAKING STREET CAR AD-VERTISING MORE EFFECTIVE.

INTERESTING GROWTH OF A POWER-FUL MEDIUM—VALUE OF STREET CAR'S RAPID ROTATION OF COPY— SOME FINE NEW CARDS.

By F. R. Barnard.

Street car advertising has practically been the same since it started, excepting the continuous improvement in the building and lighting of the cars.

Street cars costing thousands of dollars are only bought as needed, and as cities grow, so do their number of cars; and it has been conceded that in any city of size, some or all of the members of every family ride in the cars every

day

Street car advertising, on a national basis, began with the organization of the Street Railways Advertising Company about five years ago. Prior to that time, the lessee of one city might go to New York once a year to get a few contracts, and fill up the rest of his space locally, whereas the lessee of another city would sell all of his space to local merchants and not solicit national business.

With the new organization it was determined not only to present the facts about street car advertising to national advertisers, but also to study the medium from the inside so as to be able to get the best results from the use of the street car advertising space.

In the olden days, street car advertisements were principally poster cards, and as a rule, there would be but one design, which would be kept in the cars for months, and it is true that some advertisers did varnish their cards so that they would last an entire

year.

As more thought was given to street car advertising, so were different methods of display practised. Some campaigns would consist of a different advertisement in the cars each month, but as a rule, it would be either a poster card with no selling value, or a type card with no attractive

value. Later, it was found to be a good plan to display two different cards simultaneously and change them frequently. But even to-day, after five years of promotion work on street car copy, there are still some advertisers using the cars very successfully with attractive poster reminder advertisements. They are pioneers in street car advertising.

car

Dre

lot

rea

In

pa

ve

in

th

st

uc

ce

tr

ca

01

th

SC

m

al

an

n

p

te

0



A NEW SERIES OF CARDS.

who realize its value for pure publicity, and continue to use it for just that purpose.

From different cities, the statistics show that the averge street car ride is of at least ten minutes' duration, and with that knowledge in the street car advertisement writer's mind, he is not afraid to put thirty or forty words on a

card, because he knows that the prospective purchaser is sitting long enough in view of the card to read and re-read it many times. In other words, as the street car passenger is riding with the advertising, there is no need of making a billboard proposition out of the medium. That is why most street car advertising to-day is educational.

o be

dif

and

even

mo-

opy,

sers

ully

der

Dio-

ing,

Statistics also prove that 40 per cent of all street car riders use With this knowledge transfers. in mind, the man behind the street car campaign does not depend on one story in the cars.

The idea is practically based on the theory that a good sales person would not give only one argument to a prospective purchaser, and say "Come back in a month and I will tell you another reason why you should buy." Therefore, nearly all of the street car campaigns to-day consist of from two to six different cards simultaneously displayed.

Of course, the nature of the ad-

vertised article, and its competition, has a great deal to do with the number of cards that should be displayed at one time.

The four cuts appearing with this article are reduced reproductions of the Kingsford Corn Starch and Argo Gloss Starch street car advertisements, which were printed in four colors. They were designed and prepared by the advertising agent handling this business, and are striking examples of the possibilities of street car advertising space.

Special attention is called to the life and character of the illustrations—to the publicity display of the name of the products-to the reproductions of the packages in their actual color, and to the wellbalanced type display of educational texts.

The evening Pioneer Press, St. Paul, will be discontinued, not the morning Pioneer Press also, as was inadvertently indicated last week. The Pioneer Press s one of the strongest papers in the Northwest.

HIGH-GRADE "SPECIAL" DESIRES CHANGE

With a First-Class Publication

Competent, experienced representative, who can furnish abundant proot of his ability as manager and business-getter, desires to consider proposition requiring more than ordinary talent and experience.

Only position carrying responsibility and proportionate compensation desired.

Special Representative and Manager, twelve years, with a high-grade

publication. Eastern and Western experience. Prefer to go East. State particulars when writing.

Address "EXPERIENCE," PRINTERS' INK.

In a selling campaign of Hardware, House Furnishings or Sporting Goods The Retailer Holds the Key to the Situation

Why not secure his co-operation through the advertising pages of

the most progressive and rapidly growing paper in its field

Circulation exceeds 10,000 copies each issue Advertising rates on application

THE HARDWARE PRESS. Publishers, 114 Liberty St., New York

To All **Advertising Pilots**

You with reputations to keep You with fame to gain

- I Newspaper and magazine advertising hath made great names, built great fortunes, produced an army of wise and near-wise "pilots."
- But why neglect your greatest opportunity?
- The greatest of all undeveloped commercial fields lies in the more skilful and ampler use of the mails.
- ¶ The whole world is within your easy reach.
- Without waiting for the tardy, the lethargic, the man who does not read advertisements, you can, at trifling cost, place in his hands ten fold more complete and convincing reasons why he should buy your goods.
- The sealed letter gets into the private office—no doors are shut in its face.
- An army of postmen, millions—yes, billions of dollars' worth of railroads, steamships and equipment are at your service, day and night, ever and always.

Why Don't You Use A Multi-Copy Typewriter?

■ That "Dreadnought" of modern office appliances—that last and best of helps for busy, brainy advertising pilots.

THE MULTI-COPY TYPEWRITER is a business-producer—is as necessary and profitable as a typewriter, an adding machine, a cash register or telephone. It prints perfect facsimile typewritten letters, does office printing; uses standard type, linotype, electrotypes, brass rules, zinc etched signatures and engravings, etc. You can keep forms standing, make changes quickly and print a dozen kinds a day. Speed 1600 to 2000 per hour. Prints any size sheet up to legal cap. Counts and removes paper automatically. Guaranteed for one year.

Think of the business value of an office help that will do the work of a dozen stenographers! Think of the time-saving, the convenience of sending out facsimile letters, price lists—special offers—salesmen's instructions, the touching of a thousand purse strings with some tempting proposition at a timely moment!

And how little it costs to buy—how cheaply operated! Your office boy or typist, in spare hours, can make the MULTI-COPY TYPEWRITER earn its cost many times a year.

Circulars and samples of work mailed on request.

MULTI-COPY TYPEWRITER CO.

505 Fourteenth Street

Washington, D. C.

GILLETTE RAZORS AND THE TRADE PAPERS.

GENEROUS TRADE PAPER ADVERTISING
A STRONG FACTOR IN GILLETTE
SUCCESS—VARIOUS METHODS OF
CO-OPERATING WITH DEALERS TO
SELL GOODS—SHOW-CASES FOR
GILLETTE GOODS.

One of the secrets of the success of the Gillette Safety Razor with dealers has been its effective

trade paper campaigns.

reat

and

the

ho

ace

ons

are

rth

ce,

ist

ry

rd

tc.

ny.

en

ile

nd

From the start of the marketing of Gillette Razors the trade papers have been an important factor in educating the dealers and reaching out for new trade. A policy of the most loyal co-operation has been maintained which has resulted in making Gillette Razors a favorite with dealers, and they have consequently pushed them more vigorously than most other things.

Of course a generous profit has been a strong inducement, but this liberal profit to both advertiser and dealer has allowed money enough to talk to dealers prominently and effectively in the mediums that come closest to retailers in the various lines that sell Gillette razors. The hardware, drug, haberdashery and other stores sell Gillette razors, also dry goods and department stores. Consequently, a wide range of trade papers have

been used.

The trade paper advertising campaign now running is notable in that it carries the same typographical excellence that typifies the new copy in the magazines. This shows the importance which is attached to the trade paper advertising, and makes a strong contrast to the trade paper ads of many other advertisers who give but scant attention to this very vital part of advertising.

The effect of a succession of strong and attractive ads, such as the Gillette Company are running in high-class publications, like Hardware, Hardware & Metal (Canada), etc., in keeping the name "Gillette" continually to the fore in the dealer's mind can scarcely be overestimated.

By means of many unique catalogues, booklets, circulars, letters and an endless variety of like printed prods, the sales department never allows the hardware dealer to forget even for a moment the company's existence and the fact that it "wants orders."

This year the Gillette Company has been, if anything, more aggressive than usual. Other manufacturers have entered the safety razor field and have vigorously pushed their wares. This is one reason for the greater activity. Another is that the Gillette people



A TRADE PAPER AD.

have put out several new and important lines.

"New Process" razors, for one thing, were lately introduced. Although they are considerably more costly than those the company manufactured in its earlier history, its vigorously conducted advertising campaign in the interests of the new blades has brought their total sales up to a very large figure.

Another Gillette novelty is a "Pocket Edition" razor set, convenient for carrying in small space. These razors are put up in most attractive form, and being almost

in the class of jewelry, have been made a head-liner in all the company's advertising, trade journal general. Gillette shaving and brushes and Gillette shaving soap

are other new specialties.

In order to help the retailers push these various lines, the Gillette sales company sends to each dealer a very comprehensive assortment of advertising matter. Part of this consists of artistic and "fetching" brass and enameled ware, descriptive hangers and part-the larger part-is made up of booklets, pamphlets and circulars designed for circulation by the dealer among his customers.

With each assortment is sent a number of printed prods. These tell the dealer in plain, vigor-ous English all about the new They show him beautiful half-tone pictures of each article

made.

aggressive stimulator, marked "Proclamation," shows a realistic picture of several safety blades. Under the picture appears this admonition:

Do not run short of blades. Nothing is more disappointing to the Gillette owner who depends on you for his supply. Keep the stock full by advising us of your requirements.

A good-sized package of colored post-cards, showing the familiar "Gillette baby," well lathered, laughingly shaving its pink cheeks with a "safety," goes with each assortment of "stimulators" sent The post-card bears the message: "Begin Early—Shave Your-Gillette Safety Razor. No self. Stropping. No Honing." A number of large wall hangers in the same design, round out the dealer's special supply of printed ammunition.

Another important plan used in getting into close touch with the dealer and making him feel almost as if his establishment were a vital part of the Gillette business itself is the supplying of the retailer with a handsome showcase for the display of the Gillette lines. The company manufactures three sizes of these show cases, made of heavy plate glass and finished in mahogany, cherry, oak or ebony. These are supplied with

initial orders for one hundred dollars' worth of goods.

These cases are not sold or given to the dealers. They remain the property of the manufacturer and are loaned under an agreement, which stipulates merely that the case is to be used only for the display of the Gillette products.

As these cases are highly ornamental, it is not difficult to imagine that this plan to help the Gillette business by helping the retailer make his store more attractive is beneficial in its results. The offer of the company to supply these cases is carried prominently in all its trade paper advertising.

Special designs for show window displays are also furnished dealers and this, too, serves to keep the retailer in closer touch with headquarters. The company never advertises at its own expense in local newspapers but furnishes many electrotypes of attractive, ready-made ads to dealers for use in their own advertising.

Ser

free,

tach

Adv

will

you twe

Vo

HOW TO GET THE ENGLISH EDITION OF PRINTERS' INK.

Every issue of the English edition of PRINTERS' INK contains interesting descriptions of English advertising campaigns and English advertising news—as well as the leading articles from the American Printers' Ink.

By keeping in touch with both editions a world-wide review of advertising ideas and happenings

can be secured.

The English edition appears simultaneously with the American edition, and is written and printed in England to cover the British field thoroughly. Edited by Thomas Russell, one of the most prominent advertising men in England, and published by S. H. Benson, Ltd., one of the largest advertising concerns in the world, its practical value to practical advertisers is absolutely assured. It will be of much interest to many American advertisers. Subscription, one year, \$2.50. Special discount to American subscribers of PRINTERS' INK.

A Straight Line to More Dollars

Accept This Big Offer Today

This Book

01

ain rer ee.

hat the na-19iilre-

atts.

oly tly

ıg. ned

to

ch

ny

X--

11-

it-

11-

T-

j-

15

sh

h

of

S

t

n

If you want a copy of "Dollars and Sense" absolute!v

tached coupon for a year's subscription to the Advertiser's Magazine, and "Dollars and Sense" will be forwarded to you all charges prepaid, and your name will be placed on our subscription list for twelve, big complete issues of the Advertiser's Magazine

You cannot afford to miss a single issue. For it keeps tab on what's going on in the advertising and business world, tells you what all the leading thinkers, writers and business men are writing and doing, and brings to you every month, vital information whose money value cannot be compared with the trifling cost of the magazine.

This most exceptional offer of Col. Hunter's great book free in made for a limited time to readers of this publication in order to bring the Advertisers' Magazine before a larger circle did advertisers and business men. Take adventisers and extensive the control of the c 18 of the 157 Subjects Treated in "Dollars and Sense" Advertising

Credit Elimination Enthusiasm Financing Honesty Horse Sense Independence Memory Products Salesmen Saving Selling Short Letters Sizing up Things

Speculation

Buying

Competition



If it's more dollars you want, more earning capacity—read Col. Wm. C. Hunter's invaluable book, "Dollars and Sense." It's a classic of plain homely, common sense business philosophy.

Clerk, Stenographer and employer alike will find inspiration in its pages, will find something they know from their own experience to be true and practical, but never thought of before.

"Dollars and Sense" points out these incidents, flashes them back to you with their true appreciation and shows how they can be put to practical use and profit in your work tomorrow.. It is not a book full of "high brow "theories. It deals with real problems-in your work.

It shows how you can apply these same successful principles and methods to your own business in your own work.

Written by a man schooled by years of real, live actual, experience, every one of its 24 chapters is filled with red blooded facts—every one of its 128 pages tingles with human interest.

ADVERTISERS

Clip out the Coupon and send it now

ADVERTISERS' MAGAZINE

795 Commerce Building Kansas City, Mo.

Fill out Coupon now

Gentlemen: I am enclosing to cents
I am enclosing to cents
I am enclosing to cents
Advertisers' Magazine. Send me abSobulely free a copy of "Dollars and
Sense." If I am not entirely satisfied with
either the book or magazine you are to refund
money.



A Tale of Three Years

an advertising appropriation of \$1,000 for a trade In 1907 a western manufacturer gave the R. N. A.

He got his money all back in profits from new business traceable directly to the advertising; and trebled his sales without adding another salesman to his staff.

In 1908 he gave us \$8,000 to place in trade papers in three months' time and put about 8000 desirable re-

\$6,000 for the continuance of the trade paper work.

This is fact that proves this statement:

in the months time and put about 8000 destrable retailers on his books.

\$6,000 for the continuance of the trade paper work.

This is fact that proves this statement:-

An intelligent trade paper campaign is the "winning beginning" to national advertising prominence and profit.

The Root Newspaper Association

offers manufacturers of dry goods and department store merchandise an advertising service unequalled in its economical efficiency and positive result-power.

It completely covers the country with

The Hardware Trade, Minneapolis-St. Paul. Dry Goods Economist, New York. The Hardware Trade, Minacapolis—St. P. Dry Goods Reporter, Chicago.
The Milliner, Chicago.
Appared Retailer, Boston.
Drygoodsman, St. Louis.
Shoe and Leather Gazette, St. Louis. Southwestern Merchant, Dallas.
Twin City Commercial Bulletin.
Twin City Commercial Merchants, San Francisco.

Address the office nearest you.



To Manufacturers of Nationally Advertised Products

Y OU are spending many thousands of dollars each year in the effort to market your goods through the medium of thinly spread general magazine circulation.

Are you succeeding?

Are you thoroughly satisfied with the results obtained from your investment in the costly magazine spaces?

If so, this message is not for you. If not,—please listen!

Take St. Louis, for instance.

How do your goods stand in this great market,—the fourth City of the country in population, first in per-capita wealth and actual buying power?

Are you getting your fair share of the enormous sum spent yearly in the retail stores and shops by the 1,500,000 people living within an easy shopping radius of this prosperous Gateway of the Great Southwest?

If you have placed all your "eggs" in the magazine "basket," it is safe to assume that you have failed to capture this desirable market.

For the total combined circulation of fifteen of the leading national magazines in St. Louis is only 71,000,—less than 10 per cent of the population!

So you see at a glance—face to face with the facts—that you cannot create profitable demand for your product through this medium alone. Yet, can you afford to neglect this field, which will yield you such rich returns with proper cultivation?

You need St. Louis in your business.

Its perfect shopping facilities, its great wealth, its superb geographical location combine to make it one of America's foremost buying and distributing centres.

Statistics prove St. Louis to be in the heart of the country's most productive district.

It is central to more than half the railroad mileage of the United States, and is the largest city on the longest and largest navigable river in America.

Within a few years it has advanced from eighth to fourth largest city in the United States, and is to-day growing by leaps and bounds as a result of the impetus supplied by the World's Fair of 1904.

The trade territory of St. Louis is more ideal than that of any other American City.

It affords a home market second to none and in addition is the natural buying point for merchants and consumers within a radius of 500 miles South and Southwest.

You can reach these millions of people by the right kind of advertising right here in St. Louis.

Experience is proving that intensive local advertising in the big cities, like intensive farming, yields the biggest profits.

And actual results show that Street Railway Advertising with proper "Copy" is the most economical means for marketing practically every article of staple demand.

11

e

t

Especially is this true of St. Louis.

This City has the finest street car system in the world, and the one best adapted to the display of advertisements.

The brilliant interior illumination of the cars at night means that the street car sign is before the public six hours after all other media of advertising have gone out for the day.

The thousands of places of amusement, of recreation, of worship, the parks, cemeteries and suburbs are reached by the street car.

All cars (with few exceptions) converge to the great downtown business, shopping and theatre district.

The St. Louis cars carry an average of 890,000 passengers daily, 26,700,000 monthly, 320,400,000 yearly.

They afford the only medium by which you can reach all the people all the time with a big 11 x 21 inch advertisement of your goods in colors—

—At a cost of only about 3½ cents per year for each family in St. Louis.

Yet the cost of a "full run" of 1050 cars (every car in the city and suburbs) for a twelve months' contract is only about \$14.00 per day.

This Company has owned and controlled ALL Street Railway Advertising in St. Louis for nearly 25 years.

Our organization is in intimate touch with actual trade conditions. Our Trade Information Bureau is equipped to supply without cost detailed information on any line of business in St. Louis.

As a result of our personal acquaintance with Buyers for large St. Louis stores we are in position to render valuable assistance to our clients in placing their products here.

We maintain a high-class Copy Department including Writers and Artists specially skilled in the production of result-bringing street car cards. This service is free to our clients.

Correspondence is solicited with every manufacturer who is interested in getting more business from St. Louis and the Southwest.

Our interesting Booklet "IN-SIDE INFORMATION RE-GARDING STREET CAR AD-VERTISING IN ST. LOUIS," will be mailed on request. And we will be pleased to respond personally at any time or place to a request for personal interview.

Western Advertising Company

EWING HILL, President

Third National Bank Building, St. Louis, U. S. A.

Chicago Correspondence

Printers' Ink invites advertising men in the Chicago field to send interesting items and suggestions about advertising to the Chicago editorial office—Printers' Ink, 884 Tribune Bldg., Chicago.

By Hanley Woolston

Some men in the West who are fogy in their ideas will tell you that times are dull and that money is tight. That is because they close their eyes to what is going on around them. Many cities in the West are spending fortunes in advertising their towns. They want capital to come now. They want to be ready when the rush comes. The railroads are the straws that show the direction of this human stream and this pathway of profit.

Look at the city of Gary, Ind., just outside the city of Chicago. The building of this city is so wonderful that its telling would sound to strange ears like a fable. The great United States Steel Company has appropriated almost \$150,000,000 for its steel mills. Here when they are in working force will be engaged between 15,000 and 20,000 men for this one industry alone. The other big plants moving into Gary will swell the total number of laborers to an enormous figure. These are facts, not fiction, and are things that are things of now.

What directs the attention of Western men to these things? The spirit of the West. This nameless something that makes one do things here that one does not do elsewhere. Many have been the remittance men and black sheep that have come into the West, and they in a few brief years were pointed to with pride as men who did things.

The newspaper men and all manner of publicity men help along this central thought. Anything with honor that will pull the West on. The advertisers of note that are meeting with success are getting that success from the West. They might not all of them say so, but they all of them know so.

The advertising world in the West is undergoing a great change. In recent years many new men have arisen. Not all of them Western men by any means, but they are in the West and their ideas are mingling with those of the West and are making the great forward advertising move-ment possible. Old staid Daniel Booneism in advertising is rapidly disappearing. It is the idea now that tells, not the past performance by any means. The coin is here and it is up to the advertising man to get it out or he slips, that's all.

Some advertising men say that times are not as good as they were several years ago, but the papers are full of business. Talk with advertising agents and a great many of them say without boast that their business is booming. When they tell you otherwise they tell you something they don't believe or else some other fellow has crowded them from the trough.

doubled and trebled their advertising in the past few years and each month shows a gain. This is the rule. These men are the winners. You will find them everywhere in the West, and this condition prevails not alone in the daily field but in all channels of print paper, and for that matter in all modes of publicity. I dare say that if you were to place an order with a press clipping bureau for development work in the West you could not do anything but read the clippings you re-This development work means development work, making something new. Something new means riches to those who had

them not in the past, and these

riches mean opportunity to ad-

vertising men of all calibers.

* * *
Many papers in the West have

A Discriminating Audience

Readers of the Congregationalist Respond Quickly to the Claims of Genuine Merit

For over ninety years we have consistently endeavored to instill and cherish an appreciation of sterling worth in art, literature, and standards of living.

As a result our constituency to-day insists upon quality. Our paper circulates among a class of people who know a superior article and will have no other.

IF this is the sort of commodity you are selling, it will be to your advantage to come into contact with the people among whom *The Congregationalist* circulates.

The Congregationalist and Christian World

The oldest and most influential religious newspaper in America and the National representative of 6,000 Congregational churches.

Prospectus and rates on application to

SAMUEL REIS, Advertising Manager

14 BEACON STREET BOSTON, MASS.

ny of

ns, eir

of he

iel lly

m-

is-

os,

S

156 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK

PRINTERS' INK.

A JOURNAL FOR ADVERTISERS.
Founded 1888 by Geo. P. Rowell.

PRINTERS' INK PUBLISHING COMPANY
Publishers.

President and Treasurer, J. D. HAMPTON. Secretary, J. I. ROMER. Manager, J. M. HOPKINS. OFFICE: 12 WEST 31ST STREET, NEW YORK CITY. Telephone 5203 Madison. The address of the company is the address of the officers.

Issued simultaneously in England by S. H. Benson, Ltd., Kingsway Hall, London W. C., Editor, Thomas Russell. Subscription, English Edition, 1 year, 10z.; 6 mo., 5z. Postage, 2z. 6d. per year.

Combination subscription and advertising rates for both editions on application to either office.

New England Office: 2 Beacon Street, Boston. Julius Mathews, Manager.

Chicago Office: 844 Tribune Bldg., Telephone, Central 4461. WM. S. GRATHWOHL, Manager. St. Louis Office: Third National Bank Bldg. A. D. McKinney, Manager.

Issued every Wednesday. Subscription price, two dollars a year, one dollar for six months. Five cents a copy.

JESSE D. HAMPTON, Editor.

J. GEORGE FREDERICK, Managing Editor.

New York, June 2, 1909.

Advertising In our modern pride of advertising we may delude ourselves into believing that we are pioneers in advertising a city.

We are wrong. About seventy-five years ago Cincinnati was boomed by an advertising campaign outshining some of our present efforts, in clean-cut business method. Nicholas Longworth, progenitor of the present-day genial son-in-law of a famous personage, was at that time in possession of a group of seeming-

ly hopeless hills along the Ohio He couldn't sell them, he couldn't lease them, and he couldn't work them.

For a long time he studied the situation, and his mind traveled the same groove toward a solution that is traveled in so many present-day commercial difficulties—toward advertising. Longworth recalled the vine-clad terraces of the German Rhine, and he proceeded to use the only advertising medium which was worth much

in those days—the post-office—to bring viniculturists here.

h

d

11

t

t

d

1

a

t

f

t

a

a

F

a

b

a

fi

1

b

h

h

ti

0

He printed circulars and wrote letters to the full productive capacity of the little town of Cincinnati, and flooded the Fatherland with them. He told them exactly what he would want to know if he were in their place, describing soil, climate, living conditions, etc., and he offered them profitable employment and protection.

As a copy writer he must have been a winner, and the original reason why man, for how numerously the Germans responded is now a matter of history. Hundreds of thousands of Germans live in and about Cincinnati today.

If more cities with advantages would wake up and follow the example of Longworth or of Kansas City, whose splendid and resultful campaign is described in this issue, there would be a better adjustment of population and industry to the profit of all concerned.

There has been too much unprepared and harum-scarum advertising done by cities, which has resulted in no good. An effective campaign must be well followed up. Montgomery, Ala., several years ago, spent \$10,000 in advertising, and when results came in they were not organized to take care of them. Such a mistake is always fatal.

Swiping
Advertising
Designs
It is quite evident from letters and other evidence coming of Printers' Inrest that there exists a great deal of "swiping" of advertisers' designs from prominent advertisers.

A particularly wholesale effort in this direction has been attempted with the new and bright designs of the New York Central newspaper ads. A great many small, and in some cases surprisingly large, real estate concerns throughout the country have, it is said, purloined these designs and used them.

One large New York concern

actually came to a prominent illustrating firm with pencil layouts for proposed designs, which were nothing else than a reproduction of the New York Central ads. It happened that this illustrating firm had also made the New York Central ads, and, therefore, indignantly refused to draw them over again from the lay-outs. A New York Central advertising man later called up this firm and sarcastically informed them that they need not trouble themselves to copy the ads, but invited them to come and get a number of unused designs in the same series.

PRINTERS' INK recently received a letter from C. M. Connolly, advertising manager of the Cluett, Peabody Company, accompanying a very obvious "swipe," which was very flagrant evidence of the boldness of advertising robbers.

It has become trite to inveigh against those who appropriate some other advertiser's efforts, and if the wholesale committance of such acts continues, as at present, there will need to be taken some measures for common defense.

Artemas from Sapolio

Probably no living man in the Ward Retires advertising business has been so closely associated with its development and success

as Artemas Ward, head of the firm of Ward & Gow (controlling New York subway and elevated advertising), but most widely known as the advertising genius behind Sapolio (Enoch Morgan's

Sons).

On May 1st Mr. Ward completed twenty-five years of service with this concern, and resigned. In these twenty-five years Sapolio has from a very small concern reached to the very highest pinnacle of advertising success-a heavy, world-wide trade, international reputation, and the passing of its trade-mark name into common language. Sapolio is now often spelled with a lower case s. and has always been in a class by itself.

Mr. Ward must have been born with the advertising idea, for he has always exhibited a genius for it, from the time he entered the trade paper and advertising field. With his Philadelphia Grocer he enlivened trade journalism and was a pioneer in awakening manufacturers to advertising possibilities. When he undertook the advertising of Sapolio he made it in time by far the most universally known, to rich and poor, and the most universally quoted, of all the advertised products of the day. One thing he did that was perhaps the most sensational piece of advertising ever attempted before or since: He backed a doughty Maine skipper in his boast that he could cross the Atlantic in a 17-foot boat. With the word Sapolio on the sail, and the cheers of thousands, the nervy skipper set out on the reverse of the journey which Columbus had made exactly 400 years before. "I confess," says Mr. Ward, "that as he set sail I realized grave responsibility for what seemed to many like a suicidal journey, but there was something in the skipper's eye that had made me feel confident he would prove that adventurous seamanship did not end with Columbus. He sailed into the Italian harbor in time for the Columbus Centennial celebration and with 'Sapolio' triumphant on his sail."

Mr. Ward's resignation from Sapolio is only because of his advancing years. "I am going to take an old man's ease," says Mr. Ward: "I confess that, before leaving Sapolio I carried away considerable silverware, and I am now going to be very generous to my aging bones." Mr. Ward will be remembered by many readers of PRINTERS' INK for his sprightly contributions, entitled "Stray

Shots," some years ago.

"Best" and This week some-one sends in as "Worst" Ads a "best" ad the very same copy that was entered as a "worst" ad.

The thing is not so incongruous as it looks at first glance. Both opinions are right - from their viewpoint; and it all proves how many viewpoints there are to be taken into consideration in an advertising campaign. For this particular advertiser, in his secure position, such apparently philanthropic advertising is probably very good business-just as it is good business for a merchant like John Wanamaker to use advertising space to discuss public-spirited subjects - as described in last week's issue. An established advertiser can afford to be as broad as he chooses, if it is in the direction of the public's general benefit.

And yet from certain angles the ad is certainly open to criticism, and its unique place both among the best and the worst ads is deserved. That this can be true of a single ad should demonstrate the need for fitting every piece of advertising like a glove to all the considerations that have a bearing

on success.

While PRINTERS' A 400 Per INK has always Cent Increase been the accepted medium be-

tween publishers and advertisers, it is highly gratifying to the new management to note the evidence in figures of the increase in appreciation of the advertising columns.

In May of 1908 PRINTERS' INK carried a total of 273/4 pages of advertising. In May, 1909, it carried a total of 1101/2 pages an increase of just about 400 per cent over last year. It is probably no exaggeration to say that no publication of any kind has shown so phenomenal an increase

in the same time.

PRINTERS' INK takes these figures to mean, besides endorsement for its new policies, a very healthy progressiveness among publishers and agents seeking advertising patronage. The lack of logic in the idea of sending out circu'ars to advertisers arguing that they should stop using circulars and use publications, is undoubtedly striking more and more publishers, with the result that they are using PRINTERS' INK

There is plenty of evidence also

that Printers' INK has greatly progressed editorially and is supplying advertising men each week with highly practical information. The following letters, out of one day's mail, are but a few of many received regularly, written in a similar vein:

2502 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.,
BALTIMORE, MD., May 21, 1909.
Editor of PRINTERS' INK:
How much better are you going to
make PRINTERS' INK? I used to glance
through it, now I read it—every durned
thing in it. And I know several other
advertising men who could truthfully
say the same thing. Prosperity to you.

JEROME P. FLEISHMAN.

PACIFIC BUILDER AND ENGINEER, SEATTLE, WASH., May 20, 1909. Editor of PRINTERS' INK: We watch for the coming of PRINTERS'

INK, and among the great number of papers reaching our office, your publication is the one we always take time to read each week-reading the others only if time permits. You have certainly improved your paper. J. P. FULLER.

BILLPOSTERS' CONVENTION.

A meeting of the joint business build-ing committee of the Associated Bill-posters was recently held to organize means for the future development of bill-posting.
The nineteenth annual convention of

the entire organization will be held, commencing July 12th, at Atlanta, Ga. Three thousand or more members of the organization, the advertising agencies officially representing the organization, poster printers and others will be present. Invitations have also been extended to every national advertiser and to the publishers of trade papers.

M. D. Hunton has resigned as business manager of the New York American to re-enter the foreign advertising field as Eastern representative of the Chicago, Los Angeles and San Francisco Examiners. Because of his success in the foreign field Howard Davis has been given charge of the foreign advertising for the New York American, such a department being created for him ican, sue

The Philadelphia Press has received many commendations from Philadelphia advertisers for its plan in publishing sworn statements of circulation.

The Philadelphia Bulletin has issued a very timely advertising post card on which is reproduced an accurate map of Roosevelt's African tour.

R. R. Finley, who has been with the Grandin Advertising Agency, Battle Creek, Mich., since its organization, has recently resigned to accept a position with the Clague-Painter-Jones Company.

upeek on.

my

ned

ally ou.

RS'

ub-

ers nly

illize

of ld, Ga. of ies

xnd

sing he

ris gn

ABOUT ONCE IN A COON'S AGE

a magazine is forced to go to press the second time on one issue.

The second edition of a magazine presents annoying and expensive mechanical difficulties which the publisher will avoid unless forced to such action by an exceptional demand.

So that the second editions of magazines are very rare.

HAMPTON'S Magazine

for June was published on Tuesday, May 18th.

On Friday, May 21st, the stock of the wholesalers and the publisher's reserve stock was sold out entirely.

On Saturday, May 22d, the second edition went to press.

On Saturday, May 29th, the second edition was entirely sold out. No more Junes could be printed—the presses were needed for an extra large edition of July.

Advertisers who are using HAMPTON'S are receiving a more rapidly increasing and a better **business** grade of magazine circulation than they can buy anywhere else for the money.

HOWARD P. RUGGLES
Western Advertising Manager
1638 Tribune Building, Chicago

WILLIAM L. COLT
Manager Advertising Department
66 West 35th Street, New York

McCANN'S HATS MADE FA-MOUS IN NEW YORK BY OUTDOOR SIGNS.

A UNIQUE SUCCESS BY AN ADVERTISER WHO BELIEVES IN ADVERTISING, AND HAS SPENT MONEY LIBERALLY FOR YEARS ON POSTERS AND PAINTED SIGNS.

"We were on the Bowery when Broadway was a cowpath and we

are still there!"

This striking slogan appears on a still more striking eight-sheet poster advertising "McCann's Hats," which is now attracting attention in many parts of New York city. On Manhattan's great East Side McCann's hats are better known than the Dunlap and Knox makes and all because Bernard J. McCann, the man who has sold them for more than thirty years, is a shrewd and successful advertiser, extensively using outdoor space.

Mr. McCann's store is at No. 210 Bowery. Obviously this is not the most accessible part of New York for retail buyers and it has grown more inaccessible in recent years. Yet by a wise use of advertising space, in which bill-boards and painted signs have played a large part, this Bowery hat merchant has been able not only to hold the greater part of his trade of former days, but also to attract hundreds of new cus-

tomers

The poster now being used to tell about McCann's hats in a five weeks' campaign, shows a fanciful Broadway scene. The Flatiron Building looms in the foreground and long lines of stores stretch away southward. The streets are deserted except that in Broadway, in place of the car tracks, runs a long country lane. Along this are groups of cows placidly cropping the green grass at their feet, several of the most lifelike of the lot browsing at the doors of the Flatiron itself.

Bearing in large yellow letters the words, "McCann's Hats, 210 Bowery, near Spring street," and the slogan above quoted in smaller display, the poster is extremely effective. It is one of the most novel and pointed New York's sign-boards have carried in some time. It's so good, in fact, that it is quite conceivable that a man who has been buying his hats uptown for years might easily be led to go to the Bowery and do business this season with Mr. McCann merely to express his appreciation of the refreshing note the poster strikes.

bi

De

OI

th

in

a

lie

hi

pa

th

ad

le

m

re

to

th

bo

ar

SE

CL

pl

W

th

to

m

th

tl

b

"This poster will probably draw ridicule from some and laughter from others," says Mr. McCann, "but after all, that's publicity, and it's publicity that I want. It's better to be ridiculed or denounced than to have people keep

silent about you."

The cow-Flatiron posters are being used all over New York's East Side, in the Bronx, Mt. Vernon and in Brooklyn and nearby sections of Long Island. This is the district in which Mr. McCann believes he has a chance. He considers that he can till this particular hat-trade soil better with billboard advertising than in any other way. "I place most reliance in the billboard," says he, "because in using it I can pick my territory and because through its use I can best place my announcements before the people I want to reach."

Painted signs are also used in keeping McCann's hats before the public and so are the newspapers. Mr. McCann, who started in business near his present location in the late 'seventies, got his start in advertising by 'going into' the picnic and annual ball announcements of some of the East Side 'social' clubs. The cost was a few dollars a week, but he found it paid, as it brought him the friendship and trade of the young men in the dis-

trict.

Mr. McCann's first venture into a medium intended for general circulation was when he went into Puck in the early days of that publication. "I remember," said he, "what a lot of persuasion it took the solicitor to get me. I finally gave him a contract for a brief reading notice. It cost me \$150 a year. He was elated to get it, declaring it was the first

big ad' he had got." The old Daily News, then New York's only one-cent paper, also carried the McCann's ad in a short reading notice on its front page for a long time. Mr. McCann is a believer in the reading notice and his newspaper ads, in the English papers especially, invariably take that form.

6

is

10

n

0

S

n

n

r

ĸ r

d

S

p

e

S

His newspaper advertising nowadays goes into a number of the leading dailies and into the German, Jewish and Italian papers reaching the sections best suited to his purpose. He has also used theatrical programmes for years both in Manhattan and Brooklyn and considers he has got good results from them. He uses the Lee Lash Curtain Co.'s theater curtains also very extensively.

Mr. McCann believes in using plenty of white space and as few words are possible. "I sometimes think these ads that have so much to say," he declares, "are read more by advertising men themselves who are looking for points than by the people they are meant to reach."

"As to the general results from all my advertising, I am sure of them. I couldn't have built up my business as I have if I had not advertised. And yet I have never spent more than \$7,800 in any one year. Generally it is considerably under that."

RUBBING IT IN.

Boston, May 12, 1909. The enclosed reproduction of a Boston photographer's announcement may prove interesting to your readers, as showing how easy it is to become self-satisfied when living in the "Hub of the Uni-verse."

NOTICE.

"There must be evolution or

stagnation."
For the benefit of a few people who do know or appreciate artistic pictures or (perhaps?) do not care to pay my prices I say—Do not come in.
Discriminative and appreciative control of the control of the

tive people are always welcome as visitors.

Very respectfully, HENRY HAVELOCK PIERCE.

At the Wisconsin Bankers' Associa-tion's annual meeting, L. S. Hanks, president of the State Bank of Madison, made a strong address in favor of more bank advertising.

The Topeka Capital recently organized a Marathon race, which was a great success. Arthur Capper offered three gold medals and many merchants offered special prizes. Twenty-five offered special prizes. Twenty-five thousand people watched the race run by forty-two contestants. Mr. Capper says it was one of the best advertisements the Capital ever had.

The Winnipeg Advertising Men's Club had an interesting banquet April 16th, at which W. J. Simpson, a prominent Winnipeg merchant, argued very nent Winnipeg merchant, argued very strongly for consistent and persistent advertising. Chas. O. Smith, of the advertising agency firm of McConnell & Ferguson, discussed the business getting value of advertising, and the part the newspaper plays in it.

A clever Minneapolis real estate dealer who writes his own ads for the Sunday papers used the expression Sunday papers used the expression "these lots will be sold without persi-flage," and lost several sales thereby. Prospective buyers thought he was holding out something that ought to go with the lot, and hereafter he will write his ads in plain United States language.— St. Paul Pioneer Press.



POOR AND SILLY CLOTHING ADVERTISING.

Editor of PRINTERS' INE:

The amount and variety of clothing class of advertising seems to have grown enormously within the past few years. enormously within the past few years. We need only recall the startling page, and even two-page, layouts in the New York daily papers just before Easter, to realize that these people are apparently willing to finance the biggest individual advertising stunts that are handled by the daily papers.

But the acute competition which seems to exist among clothing manufactured to the startly of the s

handled by the daily papers.
But the acute competition which seems to exist among clothing manufacturers, coupled with certain weird ideas as to what really constitutes the integuments of a gentleman, has produced what certainly appears to me as being the most ludicrous copy that we are to-day getting in the ad field.

For example, what could be more titillating than the enclosed announcement of Messrs. Rosenberg Bros. & Co., of Rochester, N. V. I honestly believe that if a young man should appear, in the rural districts at least, attired in so bizarre a fashion, he would be immediately "pinched" and his captors would then get into touch with the nearest Home for the Mentally Deficient. When I observe the combination of pumps, postage-stamp cap, walking-stick and sassy cigarette, in conjunction with this travesty of an English walking-suit, I can certainly say with Josh Billings: "This is 2 mutch." The name "Fad Clothes" is in itself repellant to any normal individual. in itself repellant to any normal individual.

Another refreshing example of this sort of thing is in the accompanying and of Alfred Decker & Cohn. Imagine any sane individual of apparently about any sane individual of apparently about fifteen years of age, appearing upon the public highway in a combination of white English spats, cane and a hat which bears every evidence of having been snatched from some "Weary Willie" as he emerged from a sidedoor Pullman. We might excuse the spats, but why, oh why, the hat? You will also observe that the purchasers of "Society Brand" clothes are promised a permanent crasse (patented) in ised a permanent crease (patented) in their trousers. I wonder if they starch them!

Some months ago, I observed in the columns of the Saturday Evening Post the advertisement of a clothing manufacturer who, in decrying this sort of thing, reproduced what he indicated was a composite of a lot of such freak clothing ads. It was certainly rich, and I think the advertisement ought to have done him some good in the eyes of retail merchants.

R. C. PEACOCK.

The St. Louis Times claims to have carried 84 columns more advertising in April, 1909, than last year, which is a good record for a two-year-old news-

R. J. Shannon has been appointed representative of the Mexico City (Mexico) Daily Record, which is the largest English paper in Mexico, and is to be enlarged shortly.

MUST HAVE TWO COPIES.

h

CHAPMAN ADVERTISING CO.
PORTLAND, ORE., May 22, 1909.
Editor of PRINTERS' INK:
Will you kindly enter our order for an additional issue of the Little School Master weekly. Your publication is the greatest advertising educator I ever saw and by the time I tear out pages to send to parties whom I know will to send to parties whom I know will be interested and instructed, I don't have much left for myself, hence my order herewith for two copies instead You deserve a great success. F. I. Gollehur, of one.

Manager.

J. Stanley Voorhees, of Voorhees & Co., specialists in bank advertising, has been awarded a patent for an interchangeable locking type border, which is arranged to readily connect the border pieces with each other and hold them securely in place.

Franklin P. Alcorn has been ap-pointed Eastern representative for the Superior, Wis., *Telegram*.

German Families are Large

and large families are large consumers. Think what a quantity of goods the 140,000 or nore German Families consume that you reach by advertising with us. Hate, Ec. flat. Why not let us run your ad in the

Lincoln Freie Presse LINCOLN, NEB.

THE LEADING THEATRICAL WEEKLY

The only theatrical paper reaching the desirable class of readers. Publication Office

1536 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

Buyers—Simon pure buyers— every one of the 6,100 subscribers of the Washington (Pa.) Record. Nowhere in the country is there a Nowhere in the country is there a better wealth-producing, commodity-buying class as here. No idle men. Great coal, coke and manufacturing industries, rich agricultural district prosperous, wealthy, citizens active and retired. Rates on request.

PRESERVE "PRINTERS' INK"

and other journals of value by using the "American" Magazine Binder, inserts kept clean, convenient and consecutive without piercing or punching. Printers' Ink binder 65c., prepaid, remit with order. Made in any size or thickness for any purpose. BALL-CURTIS PUBLISHING CO., 915 Security Block, Minneapolis.

The San Antonio, Tex., Light has absorbed the Gazette of that city. It has also been elected to membership in the A. N. P. A.

The publishers of the Reno, Nev., State-Journal, have appointed F. P. Alcorn, New York, Eastern representative of that paper.

TO

Manufacturers of Toilet Articles.

No class of women purchase more toilet articles than the women of the stage. They buy the best, for cheap toilet articles are not reliable.

For the advertising of toilet articles you cannot get a better advertising medium than a theatrical publication. The leading theatrical paper is the

NEW YORK CLIPPER

Send for a copy to

for lool the ver

n't

my

35.

er-

ich he

old

he

The Frank Queen Publishing Co., Ltd.
NEW YORK.

ALBERT J. BORIE, General Manager.

"A Daily Newspaper for The Home" The Christian Science

Monitor

OF BOSTON, MASS. Every Afternoon Except Sunday

World-wide Circulation and undoubtedly the most closely read newspaper in the world.

Advertising rates furnished on application.

I Can Tell You of an Advertising Man Who Actually Delivers the Goods

He is a forceful copy writer—is competent to manage the Service Dent. of an Advertising Agency, or to conduct the Advertising Dept. of a manufacturer. He has had the experience and knows how. It isn't often such a man is available. If you want to get in touch wi'h him write me. "H.," care PRINTERS' INK, 12 W. 31st St., New York.

Corpus Christi Herald

Leading Morning Paper of Southwest Texas Gulf Coast "THE NEW COUNTRY"

The Herald has passed its first year successfully and is ready for new business

Write for contract rates

W. BARRAN LEWIS PUBLISHER

Corpus Christi

Texas

9,059-Word Business Book Free

Simply send us a postal and ask for our-free illustrated 9,059-word Business Booklet which tells how priceless business experience, squeezed from the lives of 112 big, broad, brainy business men may be made yours—yours to boost your salary, to increase your profits. This free booklet deals with

-How to manage a business -How to sell goods

-How to get money by mail
-How to buy at rock-bottom
-How to collect money

- How to stop cost leaks
- How to train and handle men
- How to get and hold a position
- How to advertise a business

—How to devise office methods
Sending for this free book binds you to
hothing, involves you in no obligation, yet
it may be the means of starting you on a
broader career. Surely you will not deny
yourself this privilege, when it involves only
the risk of a postal—a penny! Simply say
"Send on your 0.050-word Booklet." Send to
YSTEM, 94, 198-151-151-153 Wabsak Ave, Chicap

GRAND RAPIDS ADVERTISERS.

GRAND RAPIDS, May 25, 1909.

Editor of PRINTERS' INK:
I enjoyed Mr. Strauss' article on trade-mark manufacturing centers very much indeed. I never read a more sug-gestive article in any magazine at any

I'm sorry you didn't take space to name Grand Rapids advertisers but I'll do it for you hoping your readers may

be interested.

be interested.

Adams & Hart, motor cars; Adjustable Table Company, Alabastine Company, Austin Auto Company, Austine Company, Caloric Fireless Code Stove Company, Caloric Fireless Sweeper Company, Caloric Fireless Cook Stove Company, Cauffield Company (Gilling systems), Doring Art Glass Company, Bishop Wholesale and Retail Furniture Company, Berkey & Gay Furniture Company, Eureka Skirt Mark Company, Fox Typewriter Company, Grace Furniture Company, Grace Furniture Company, Grand Rapids Clock and Mantle Company, Grand Rapids Furniture Mfg. Company, Grand Rapids Gas Engine & Yacht Panda Refrigerator Grand Rapids Gas Engine & Yacht Company, Grand Rapids Refrigerator Company, Gunn Furniture Company, Hancy School Furniture Company, Haney School Furniture Company, Harold Steel Range Company, Imperial Furniture Company, Inner Shoe Tire Company, Klingman's Sample Furniture Company, Tubeck Auto Company, Macey Company (furniture), Royal Furniture Company Retting Furniture Company, Company, Retting Furniture Company, Sintz Wallin Company (motor cars), Thum O. & W. Co. (Tanglefoot flypaper), The Wagemaker Company (furniture), Voight Cereal Company (Cream Flabes) Flakes).

GEORGE F. KEPPEL.

THE CHICAGO "OFF THE STREET" CLUB.

The annual ball game under the auspices of the Chicago Advertising Association and for the benefit of the Off-the-Street Club, takes place on June 26th, and every Chicago advertising man 26th, and every Chicago advertising man who is not present will have to give some good reason for failing to be there. Of course, if he happens to have bought five or ten dollars' worth of tickets his apology will likely be accepted, but to neither go nor concepted, but to neither go nor contribute is going to put him in bad for some time to come.

ome time to come.

Outside of the ball game itself a large number of special attractions are being provided. The famous band of the Chicago Advertising Association is actively rehearsing and they are now able to play "Mandy Lane" and another piece so that they are easily recognized. The Coca-Cola squad and the popcorn squad are exercising their lungs and promise to break all records in the sale of these very necessary adjuncts to an afternoon ball game. And dignified solicitors of high-class publications will be seen arrayed as butchers selling cracker-jack at a quarter a pack-age with a prize in every package, and Coca-Cola, of which a sufficient number of glasses is guaranteed to quench your thirst for all time to come. The weather has already been provided for.

BRISBANE ON ADVERTISING.

In a long editorial in the New York Journal recently, Arthur Brisbane, who frequently expresses his interest in ad-

frequently expresses his interest in advertising, editorially says:
 "Advertising is the most modern and powerful agent in the greatest modern task, which is distribution. Every intelligent American must be interested in advertising; for, be sure, of this, if you ever succeed you will need to know about advertising, And if you don't know about advertising your success will never be more than a small never be more than a small cess will never be more than a small fraction of what it might have been.

"The manufacturer must know how to make good goods. The advertising specialist must know how to convince the public that the manufacturer is maken."

ing good goods.
"There is as much difference between manufacturing goods and advertising them as there is between hui'ding an opera house and doing a ballet dance."

The Beloit, Wis., Daily News on April 20th carried a four-page grocery advertisement for the McGavock advertisement for the McGavock Grocery Company, which, it claims, is about the largest grocery ad ever carried. The grocery firm has developed its business most successfully with the use of daily newspaper advertising, and is a particularly strong believer in advertising. The News carried 1,900 inches of paid matter in that issue.

The Man Looking for the Position The Manufacturer Looking for an Advertising Man

Can get together through PRINTERS' INK. A dozen prominent advertisers want high-priced advertising managers now-read their ads in PRINTERS' INK. Every live advertising man who wants another position makes his wants known through PRINTERS' INK.

If you want a position or want to employ an advertising man, try a Print-ERS' INK Classified ad.

The Contest

Printers' Ink offers a cash prize for "Best Ad" examples of national newspaper or magazine advertising which have appeared within 3 months. Send in examples, with a short letter telling why the ad is the best advertising.

NO. 11.

4767 LANGLEY AVE., CHICAGO, ILL., May 10, 1909. Editor of PRINTERS INK:

ork vho

ad-

and ern

ted

his

eed

you iall

OW ing nce ak.

een ing e."

on

ery is ared the nd ad-200

The enclosed clipping shows a unique way of presenting a line of goods. A revolver pointed at you is sure to attract some attention. The name of the revolver and a picture of it in the front

granted a favor by obtaining the book, instead of complying with a request. The type, the wording, the fact that the text of the book is by an authority on the care of children, all appeal to

SMITH & WESSON The Thoroughbred of the Revolver World

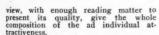
he use of the Smith & Wessor the use of the Smith & Wesson is more than antional use. In every quarter of the globe, wherever-revolvers are used and sold, fisare the Smith & Wesson is this weapon most lavorably known. Its appeal is based on worth and quality, not no price. In greater one it have peoply the property of the propert

Commercial orders standard furthers based communities to send office black or resolution passalos. We've taday for ear breach fully dissertable best — "The Breadway"—It selfs you while ——Affirm office a regulator. Beed for it spen. It's from

HITH & WESSON - 13 Stockhridge St

SPRINGFIELD, MASS

NO. 11.



The cut wins the attention of any person turning the leaves of the advertising section of a magazine and the name draws the reader's thought to the literature of this particular revolver.

Three vital points make it stand out: name, cut, and trade-mark.

ALFRED B. BURY.

NO. 12.

1657 THIRD AVENUE, NEW YORK, April 21, 1909. Editor of PRINTERS' INK:

I am taking the liberty of submitting an ad for the "Best Ad Contest" which one of your readers entered in the "Worst Ad Contest." I hope the former critic will not be sore at me for expressing so contrary an opinion, or at

you for printing my opinion. I believe the strength of the ad lies in the fact that it aims to "get in solid" with the mother; to make her friendly toward Ivory Soap; to establish a confidence between them fidence between them.

The copy is entirely suggestive; it makes the woman feel that she is being



NO. 12.

mothers, especially the more refined The drawing is excellent, and the The drawing to border pleasingly unique.

MILWARD PICK.

NO. 13.

MILWAUKEE GAS LIGHT CO. MILWAUKEE, May 8, 1909. Editor of Printers' Ink:

Among the hundreds of automobile ads now current in the magazines, this

ads now current in the magazines, this Rambler ad, to my mind, stands out as an example of simple strength.

The combination of effective illustration of the machine, the use of the eye-catching circle for confining the argument, and the selection of sensible, strong type (Plymouth or some similar series) for a catch line, and Roman for body, have produced an effect which cannot be quarreled with. Used in any space, this design dominates

space, this design dominates.

An analysis of the copy shows a subtle exposition of the vital appeal of the Rambler proposition, viz., high-class workmanship and material, low cost.

I note that the Rambler's special features, the Spare Wheel and the Offset Crank Shaft are also featured to



THE CAR OF STEADY SERVICE NO. 13.

The "Car of Steady Seradvantage. is a significant phrase. F. P. Kelsey, vice" Advertising Manager.

NO. 14.

SHELDON UNIVERSITY PRESS, LIBERTYVILLE, ILL., April 30, 1909. Editor of Printers' Ink: In his splendid article in last week's Printers' Ink, Leroy Fairman wisely



NO. 14.

refrained from criticising the advertising of The Royal Tailors. Mr. Fairman is just. He puts on the griddle only those who deserve to be there. It is certain that the advertising of the average tailoring concern can in no way compare with the magnificent copy being put out by the Royal Tailors. The enclosed double-page spread from this concern is the best advertisement I've seen in a long time, and I submit it for participation in the "Best Ad" contest. This specimen meets all the requirements of high-grade advertising. It absolutely rivets the attention, compels interest, arouses desire, and it certainly will make one resolve to at least investigate the proposition.

John A. Murphy

G

NO. 15.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 12, 1909.

Editor of PRINTERS' INK:

Have you ever seen a more beautiful piece of work than the enclosed double-page ad? It is taken from the Saturday Evening Post of April 3. The attractiveness of the design compels the beholder to read the text, which is admirable in its simplicity and directness. The story of Bon Ami is told in a few



NO. 15.

terse sentences-a forceful statement of facts. Note the cheerful pictures showing Bon Ami in action. These cuts appeal to the good housewives—to all overs of cleanliness and haters of dirt. lovers of cleanliness and haters of dirk.
From a typographical point of view,
in my opinion, the ad is perfect. Not a
single jarring note in the whole conception, though the words "Bon Ami"
stand
out so prominently at the top of the
page that they will stick in the beholder's mind for a long time to come.
The first thing that came into my mind
when I saw this ad was the old saving

when I saw this ad was the old saying that "Cleanliness is next to godliness."
C. Wilhelm.

Beginning with the issue of September, Miss Lilian Dynevor Rice will begin her duties as editor of The Housewife. Miss Rice was identified for a period of ten years with the Designer as editor. Later she succeeded Charles Dwyer as editor of the Delineator. The Housewife's present editorial policy, the keynote of which is practicability, has proven very successful and will be continued by Miss Rice.

COMMERCIAL ART

By GEORGE ETHRIDGE, 41 Union Square, N. Y.

It sometimes improves an ashcan to plaster a theatrical poster on it, but it doesn't help a handsome piece of office furniture to print advertising matter across its

Fairriddle ere.

ng of

Taipread ertiseend I "Best ts all

dver-

esire,

solve

on.

09. utiful oubleurday

ttrac e be dmir-

tness.

at of

hows apall

dirt.

iew,

ncep-

tand the hold-

mind

ying ess.

M.

tem-

l be-

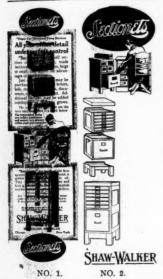
ouse-

or a

gner arles The the

con-

Of late the entire advertising field has been covered with a mass of arrows of all shapes, sizes and different degrees of curvature. Now comes the Coca-Cola Company with the advertisement shown here and others of a similar nature with the evident purpose to annex for its own benefit all the arrows in the advertis-



Wheneveryou see an Arrow
Think of
CCC CCC
DELICIOUS — REFRESHING THIRST-QUENCHING
Sc.
Everywhere

Shaw-Walker Sectionettes are undoubtedly bright and elegant in their natural state, but they present a far different appearance in the advertisement marked No. 1. Also the reading matter is indecipherable, which is a rather important consideration.

The illustration marked No. 2 utilizes the same space in a manner which separates the picture part from the portion of the advertisement intended for type. The two never mix any better than oil and water, but somebody keeps trying it every little while just as if that fact had not been proved a thousand times.

ing business! If he succeed he'll have a lot of business, for there are an endless variety of them.

This might seem like an audacious idea but no one can deny that it is pretty good. By the way, the arrangement of this little advertisement is an excellent example of intelligence in using a limited space.

It is very evident at first glance that there is something the matter with this Detroit & Cleveland Navigation Co. advertisement. A close examination shows that the trouble lies with the solid black background. It is so heavy that it holds the eye, to the exclusion of everything else. The boat doesn't show up and the inclination is not to read the small type in the mortise.

If this border were gray instead of black, if it were narrower or if the type in the mortise were heavy enough to stand up under the burden which the present border imposes the effect would be much better.



The Nemo Corset is being advertised quite heavily in the newspapers after the manner of the advertisement here reproduced. An attempt is made to show summer views on land and sea in connection with the picture of the corset itself.

The combination of corsets and summer resort pictures is a bad one. Women who are thinking about corsets are not interested in hills, valleys and the seashore.

The idea is, of course, that the Nemo is a good corset to wear in vacation time, but the thought is not one which can be conveyed, emphasized or made more convincing by a picture of this kind.

This Hess Furnace advertisement is a rather queer thing. To illustrate the exciting phrase: "On Trial" we are shown an entire courtroom, including judge, stenographer, lawyers and jury. Up in the corner there is a Hess

Furnace—looking very cold and lonesome.

The scene is not a very inspiring one—the attorney for the defendant is making an effort to seem excited, but everybody else finds the proceedings most dull and uninteresting.



circ

19,5

Leo

The plan of offering a furnace on free trial is a good one, but it isn't necessary in order to bring out that offer to drag the furnace



to court and inferentially accuse it of all the crimes of which furnaces are generally guilty.

A Roll of Honor

Advertisements under this caption are accepted from publishers who have sent Printers' Ink a detailed statement showing the total number of perfect copies printed for every issue for one year. These statements are on file and will be shown to any advertiser. Printers' Ink's Roll of Honor is generally regarded as a list of publications which believes the advertiser is entitled to know what he is paying for.

No amount of money can buy a place in this list for a publication not having the requisite qualification.

Complete information will be sent to any publication which desires to enter this list,

PRINTERS' INK'S Guarantee Star means that the publishers' statement of circulation in the following pages, used in connection with the Star, is guaranteed to be absolutely correct by Printers' Ink Publishing Company, who will pay \$100 to the first person who successfully controverts its accuracy.

ALABAMA

Anniston, Evening Star. Quantity and quality circulation; leading want ad. medium.

Birmingham, Ledger, dy. Average for 1908, 19,270. Best advertising medium in Alabama.

Montgomery, Journal, dy. Aver. 1908, 9,733, The afternoon home newspaper of its city.

ARIZONA

Phoenix, Republican. Daily aver. 1908, 6,551. Leonard & Lewis, N. Y. Reps., Tribune Bldg.

CALIFORNIA

Sacramento, Union, daily. The quality medium of interior California.

COLORADO

Denver, Post, has a paid cir. greater than that of any two other daily newspapers pub. in Denver or Colorado. Average cir., 1908, 83, 467.

This absolute correctness of the latest circulation rating accorded the Denver



in-

the to else ull

ce

it

ıg

ce

culation rating accorded the Denver Post is guaranteed by the publishers of Rowell's American Newspaper Directory, who will pay one hundred dollars to the first person who successfully controverts its accuracy.

CONNECTICUT

Bridgeport, Morning Telegram, daily average for Jan., 1909, sworn, 12,827. You can cover Bridgeport by using Telegram only. Rate 1½c. per line flat.

Meriden, Yournal, evening. Actual average for 1907, 7,743; average for 1908, 7,726.

Mariden, Morning Record and Republican. Daily aver. 1906, 7,672; 1907, 7,769; 1908, 7,729.

New Haven, Evening Register, daily. Annual sworn average for 1908, 15,864; Sunday, 12,867.

New Haven, Leader. 1907, 8,727. Only ev'g Republican paper. J. McKinney, Sp. Agt. N.Y.

New Haven, Palladium, dy. Aver. '06, 9,849; 1907, 9,870.

New Haven, Union. Average 1908, 16,326; E. Katz, Special Agent, N. Y.

New London, Day, ev'g. Aver. 1906, 6,104; average for 1907, 6,547; for 1908, 6,739.

Norwalk, Evening Hour. Average circulation exceeds 3.450. Sworn statement furnished.

Waterbury, Republican. Average for 1908, Daily, 6,325; Sunday, 6,243.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Washington, Evening Star, daily and Sunday. Daily average for 1908, 36,762 (@ @).

FLORIDA

Jacksonville, Metropolis. Dy. av. Mar., 1909, 12,915. E. Katz, Special Agent, N. Y.

Jacksonville, Times-Union. Ap.dy. 17,584; Sun. 19,740. Benjamin Kentnor Co., N.Y. Chi. Sp. A.

GEORGIA

La Fayette, Messenger. Weekly. Average circulation, 1908, 2,541.

ILLINOIS

Belvidere, Daily Republican entitled to Roll of Honor distinction. Need more be said?

Champaign, News. Guaranteed larger circulation than all other papers published in the twincities (Champaign and Urbana) combined.

Chicago, Breeder's Gasette, weekly. \$2. Average for 1908, 74,242.

Chicago, Dental Review, monthly. Actual average for 1907, 4,618; for 1908, 4,097.



Chicago, Yournal Amer. Med. Ass'w., weekly. Av. for '08, 53,978; Jan. to April, '09, inc., 54,330.

Chicago, Record-Herald. Average 1908, daily net paid exceeding, 141,000; Sunday net paid exceeding, 197,000. It is not disputed that the Chicago Record-Herald has the largest net paid circulation of any two-cent newspaper in the world, morning or evening.

227 The absolute correctness of the latest circulation.

The absolute correctness of the latest circulation rat ing accorded the Record-Herald is guaranteed by the publishers of Rowell's Ameriican Newspaper Directory, who will pay one hundred dollars to the first person who will successfully controver it is accuracy.

Galesburg, Republican-Register, Eve. Jan. av. 6,709. Double circulation other Galesburg daily.

Joliet, Herald, evening and Sunday morning. Average for 1908, 6,808.

Libertyville, Business Philosopher, mo.; mercantile. Av. 1908, 16,608. A. F. Sheldon, Ed.

Peeria, Evening Star. Circulation for 1908,

INDIANA

Evansville, Journal-News. Av. 1907, 18,188. Sundays over 18,666. E. Katz, S. A., N. Y.

Notre Dame, The Ave Maria, Catholic weekly Actual net average for 1907, 28,112.

Princeton. Clarion-News, daily and weekly. Daily average 1907, 1,577; weekly, 2,641.

South Bend, Tribune. Sworn average year sending Dec. 31, '08, 9,829. Best in No. Indiana.

TOWA

Burlington, Hawk-Eye, daily. Average 1908, 9,139. "All paid in advance."

Davenport, Times. Daily aver. April, 16,832. Circulation in City or total guaranteed greater than any other paper or no pay for space.

Des Moines, Capital, daily. Lafayette Young, Pollisher. Circulation for 1908, 43,531. Rus 70 cents per inch, flat. If you are after business in Iowa, the Capital will get it for you. First in everything.

Dubuque, Times-Journal, morning and eve, Daily average, 1907, 11.349: Sunday, 13,858. Washington, Eve. Journal. Only daily in county. 1,900 subscribers. All good people.

KANSAS

Hutchiason, News. Daily 1907, 4,679; first 5 mos. 1908, 4,787. E. Katz, Special Agent, N.Y.

RENTUCKY

Harrodaburg, Democrat. Best county paper, best county paper, largest cointy paper, largest cointy paper, largest cointy paper, largest cointy paper, largest circ.

Lexington, Herald. D. av., 1908, T. Sh. Sunday, 8, 285. Week day, 7, 006. Com. rates with Gastis.

Lexington, Leader. Av. '07, evening 8, 390, 844.

7, 102; tor '06, eve'g, 6, 446. Sun. 6, 878. E. Katz,

Louisville, The Times, evening daily, average for 1908 net paid 48, 340.

MAINE

Augusta Comfori, monthly. W. H. Gannett, publisher. Actual average for 1907, 1,296,588.

Augusta, Kennebec Journal, daily average 1908, 8,826. Largest and best cir. in Cent. Me.

Bangor. Commercial. Average for 1008 delight

C

Pap

Pa

M

10

80

Banger, Commercial. Average for 1908, daily 10,070; weekly, 28,727.

Phillips, Maine Woods, weekly, J.W. Brackett Co. Average for 1908, 7,977. Portland, Evening Express. Average for 1908, daily 14,482. Sunday Telegram, 10,001.

MARYLAND

Taltimore, American. Daily average for 1908, 74,782; Sunday, 92,879. No return privilege.

Baltimore, News, daily. News Publishing

Baltimore, News, daily. News Publishing Company. Average 1908, 34,398. For April, 1909, 87,183.

The absolute correctness of the latest circulation rating accorded the News is guaranteed by the publishers of Rowell's American Newspaper Directory, who will pay one hundred dollars to the accuracy.

MASSACHUSETTS

Boston, Evening Transcript (OO). Boston's tea table paper. Largest amount of week day ad.



Boston, Globe. Average 1908, daily: 176,381; Sunday, 319,799. Largest circulation daily of any two-cent paper in the United States. Largest circulation of any Sunday newspaper in New England. Advertisements go in morning and afternoon edition for one price. During 1908 The Boston Globe printed a total of 22,450 colums, or 6,869,700 lines of advertising. This was 7,445 more columns, or 2,443,225 more lines than appeared in any other Boston newspaper.



Boston, Traveler, Est. 1825. Sworn daily average circulation for April, 1509, 99,863. The Traveler is the progressive evening paper of Boston, which is making the largest gains in both circulation and advertising in its field. The character of its circulation and the quality of its readers insure results to advertisers. No questionable medical or financial copy accepted.

daily in

; first 5

paper, gest cir. Sunday, Gazette. 00, Sun. . Katz. verage

94,438 verage , daily

ackett r 1908,

r 1908, ge. shing April, of the

orded y the rican o the

ton's y ad.

Lar-er in ning 1908 col was

g

and eve.

THE Boston Post, Sunday av., 1908, 238,846, gain of 12,083 over 1907. Daily average 1006, 288,836, gain of 11,554 over 1907. Only three Sunday newspapers in the country—outside of New York City—exceed the circulation of The Boston Sunday Post. Only one morning newspapers. only one morning newspaper,

and that in New York—exceeds the circulation of the
Boston Daily Post. Not over
two evening newspapers in the
country outside of New York—
and only two there—exceed its
circulation

circulation.

In daily display advertising The Boston Post leads its chief competitors, the Globe and Herald. In Sunday display advertising The Boston Sunday Post is second only to the Boston Sunday Globe. In agency advertising it leads all Boston papers, daily and Sunday. Rate sec. per agate line. papers, dan, 25c. per agate line.



Human Life, The Magazine About People. Guarantees and provesover 200,000 copies m'thly

Clinton, Daily Item, net average circulation for 1908, 3,099.

Fall River, Globe. The clean home paper. Best paper. Largest cir. Actual daily av. 1908, 7,473.

Lawrence, Telegram, evening, 1908 av. 8,949.
Best paper and largest circulation in its field.

Lynn, Evening Item. Daily sworn av. year 1907, 18,522; 1908, average, 16,596. Two cents. Lynn's family paper. Circulation far exceeds any Lynn paper in quantity or quality.

Salem, Evening News. Actual daily average for 1908, 18,232.

Worcester, Gazette, eve. Av. 1908, 14,198 dy. Largest eve. circ'n. Worcester's "Home" paper.

Worcester, L'Opinion Publique, daily (36). Paid average for 1908, 3,898.

MICHIGAN

Detroit, Michigan Farmer. Read by all Michigan farmers. Ask any advertiser. 80,000.

Jackson, Patriot, Average Mar., 1909, daily 10,471, Sunday 11,409. Greatest net circulation

Saginaw, Courier-Herald, daily. Only Sunday paper; aver. for 1908, 14,330. Exam. by A.A.A.

Saginaw, Evening News, daily. Average for 1908, 19,886; April, 1909, 20,560.

MINNESOTA

Duluth. Evening Herald. Daily average 1907 23,093. Largest by thousands.

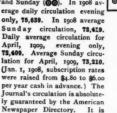
Minneapolis. Farm, Stock and Home, semi-monthly. Actual average 1905, 87,187; average for 1906, 180,288; for 1907, 103,883. The absolute accuracy of Farm,



The absolute accuracy of Farm, Stock & Home's circulating rating is guaranteed by the American Newspaper Directory. Circulation is practically confined to the farmers of Minnesota, the Dakotas, Western Wisconsin and Northern lowa. Use it to reach sections most-profitably.

Minneapolis, Farmers' Tribune, twice-a-week. W. J. Murphy, publisher. Aver. for 1908, 28,281.

Minneapolis, Journal, Daily and Sunday (66). In 1908 av- 00 erage daily circulation evening only, 75,639. In 1908 average



guaranteed to go into more homes than any other paper in its field.

Minneapolis, Svenska Amerikanska Posten. Swan J. Turnblad, publisher, 1908, 53,341.

GUAD

CIRCULATI'N Minneapelis, Tribune, W. J. Murphy, publisher. Established 1867. Oldest Minneapolis daily. The Sunday Tribune average per issue for the year ending December, 1908, was 68,300. The daily Tribune average per issue for

by Am. Hewspaper Direc- the year ending December, 1908, tory. was 90,117.

CIRCULATI'N

by Am. New

aper Direc-

tory.

St. Paul, Pioneer Press, circulates more papers by carrier than all other dailies in the city com bined. Average daily circulation past eight months to May 1st expast eight months to May 1st ex-ceeded 60,000, sixty per cent. of which is in St. Paul. It publishes Morning, Evening and Sunday at one price. It has no news duplication: its readers need no other daily paper.

MISSISSIPPI

Biloxi, Herald, evening. Average circulation for 1908, 1,095. Largest on Mississippi Coast.

MISSOURI

Joplin, Globe, daily. Average, 1908, 18,848. E. Katz, Special Agent, N. Y.

8t. Joseph, New-Press. Circulation, 1908, 38,320. Smith & Budd, Eastern Reps.

8t. Louis, National Druggist (1906), Mo. Henry R. Strong, Editor and Publisher. Average for 1908, 9,167. Eastern office, 508 Tribune Bldg.

St. Louis, National Farmer and Stock Grower, Mo. Actual average for 1908, 104,708

NEBRASKA

Lincoln, Deutsch-Amerikan Farmer weekly. 142,390 for year ending Dec. 31, 1908

Lincoln, Freis Press, weekly. Average year ending Dec. 31, 1908, 142,440.

NEW JERSEY

Camden, Daily Courier. Actual average for year ending December 31, 1908, 8,870.

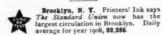
Jersey City, Evening Journal. Average for 1906, 24,078. Last three months 1908, 25,021.

Newark, Evening News. Largest circulation of any newspaper in New Jersey.

Trenton, Evening Times. Av. 1906, 18.237. Av. 1907, 20,270; last quarter yr. '07, av. 20,409.

NEW YORK

Albany, Evening Journal. Daily average for 1908, 16,930. It's the leading paper.



Buffalo, Courier, morn. Av. 1907, Sunday, 91,-447, daily, 51,604; Enquirer, evening, 34,570.

Buffalo, Evening News. Daily average for 1906, 94,473; 1907, 94,843; 1908, 94,033.

Gloversville and Johnstown, N. Y. The Morning Herald. Daily average for 1908, 5,132.

Mount Vernon, Argus, eve. Daily av. cir. year ending April 30, 1909, 4,817. Only daily here.



Rewburgh, Daily News, evening. Average circulation entire year, 1908, 6,229. Circulates throughout Hudson Valley. Examin'd and certified by A.A.A.

NEW YORK CITY

Army and Navy Journal. Est. 1863. Weekly average, 3 mos. to March 31, 1909, 10,550.

Baker's Review, monthly. W. R. Gregory Co., publishers. Actual average for 1908, 6,700.

Clipper, weekly (Theatrical). Frank Queen Pub. Co., Ltd. Average for 1908, 28,022 (90).

Leslie's Weekly, 225 Fifth Ave., W. L. Miller, Adv. Mgr. 166,898 guaranteed.

The People's Home Journal. 868,416, mo. Good Literature, 444,800 mo., average circulations for 1907—all to paid-in-advance subscribers. F. M. Lupton, pub., Inc. Briggs & Moore, Westn. Reprs., 1438 Marquette Bldg., Chicago.

The Tea and Coffee Trace Journal Average circulation for year ending Dec., 1908, 10,250 Dec., 1908 issue, 10,000.

The World. Actual aver. for 1907, Mor., 345,-424. Evening, 405,172. Sunday, 483,335.

Ponghkeepsie, Star, evening. Daily average for first five months 1909, 4,698; April, 5,391.

Rochester, Daily Abendpost. Largest German circulation in state outside of New York City.

Schenectady, Gasette, daily. A. N. Liecty. Actual Average for 1908, 16,760.

Byracuse, Evening Herald, daily. Herald Co., pub. Aver. 1908, daily 34,087; Sunday, 40,951.

1908, 20,402. Only paper in city which has permitted A. A. A. examination, and made public the report.

P

of

if i

go

lic

the

m

iı

Utica, National Electrical Contractor, mo. Average for 1908, 2,583.

Ttica, Press, daily. Otto A. Meyer, publishes, Average for year ending Jan 1, 1909, 15,274.

OHIO

Ashtabula, Amerikan Sanomat Finnish, Actual average for 1907, 11,120.

Cleveland, Ohio Farmer. Leads all farm papers in paying advertisers. 100,000.

Cleveland, Plain Dealer. Est. 1841. Act. daily and Sunday average 1908, 78,291, April, 1909, 81,037 daily; Sunday, 104,341.

Columbus, Midland Druggist. The premier pharmaceutical magazine. Best medium for reaching druggists of the Central States.

Dayton, Journal. 1907, actual average, 21,217.

Springfield, Farm and Fireside, over 1/4 century leading Nat. agricult'i paper. '08, 463,714.

Springfield, Poultry Success, monthly av., 1908, 32,833. 2d largest published. Pays advertisers.

Youngstown, Vindicator. D'y av., '08, 15,000; Sy., 10,400; LaCoste & Maxwell, N.Y.&Chicago.

OKLAHOMA

Muskogee, Times-Democrat. Average 1906, 5,514; for 1907, 6,659. E. Katz, Agent, N. Y.

Oklahoma City, The Oklahoman. 1908 aver., 26,955; April, '09, 31,545. E. Katz, Agent, N.Y.

OREGON

Portland, Journal, has larger circulation in Portland and in Oregon than any other daily paper. Portland Journal, daily average 1908, 30,207; Feb., for 1909, \$1,780. Benjamin & Kentnor Company, Representatives, New York and Chicago.

Portland, The Oregonian, (96) For over lifty years the great newspaper of the Pacific Northwest-more circulation, more local and more classified advertising than any other Oregon newspaper. Apr. NET PAID circulation, daily, 37,936, Sunday average, 48,039.

PENNSYLVANIA

Chester, Times, ev'g d'y. Average 1908, 7,888. N. Y. office, 225 5th Ave. F. R. Northrop, Mgr.

Erie, Times, daily. Aver. for 1908, 18,487; Apr., 1909, 19,221. E. Katz, Special Agt., N.Y.

Harrisburg, Telegraph. Sworn average April, 1909, 16,109. Largest paid circulation in Harrisburg or no pay, Shannon, N. Y.; Allen & Ward, Chicago.

Johnstown, Tribune. Average for March, 1909, 12,225. Only evening paper in Johnstown.

Philadelphia, The Bulletin, net paid average for April, 1909, 287,077 copies a day. "The Bulletin goes claimly (except Sunday) into nearly every Philadelphia home.

Philadelphia, The Camera, is the only best photographic monthly. Average for 1908, 6,825.

Thiladelphia, Confectioners' Yournal, mo. Average 1907, 5,514: 1908, 5,517 (@@).



Any paper can get the guarantee star of Printers' Ink-if it pays for it.

which

on, and

lishei.

innish.

farm

daily. , Igog.

remier

m for

erage,

cen-

, 1908, tisers,

5,000;

icago.

1906, Y

N.Y.

rcula-

n any

, for

For

er of cula

more egon

laily,

,888. Mgr.

487; N.Y.

aver-

paid pay, ago.

rch,

74.

Any paper will be included in the Roll of Honor if it will tell the truth about its circulation.

But only a few papers have received the (②0) gold marks of the American Newspaper Direcfor indicating that advertisers value these publications more for the quality of their circulation than for the mere numbers of copies printed.

FARM JOURNAL of Philadelphia has all these distinguishing marks, and in addition Printers' Ink awarded it the Seventh Sugar Bowl after a canvassing of merits extending over six months as being the best agricultural paper in the United States

FARM JOURNAL is the only paper of 22,000 published in the United States to receive all four of Printers' Ink's distinguishing marks.





Philadelphia. The Press () is Philadelphia's Great Home Newspaper. Besides the Guarantee Star, it has the Gold Marks and is on the Roll of Honor—the three most desirable distinctions for any newspaper. Sworn average circulation of the daily Press for 1908, 95,349; the Sunday Press, 133,984.

Washington, Reporter and Observer, eve. and morn. dy. av., '08, 11,734 They cover the field.



West Chester. Local News, daily, W. H. Hodgson. Aver. for 1908, 15,844. In its 35th year. Independent. Has Chester Co., and vicinity for its field. Devoted to home news, hence is a home paper. Chester County is second in the State in agricultural wealth.

York, Dispatch and Daily. Average for 1908.

RHODE ISLAND

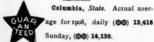
Pawtucket, Evening Times. Average circulation, 1908, 18,185-sworn.

Providence, Daily Journal. Average for 1908, 20,210 (@@). Sunday, 25,861 (@@). Evening Bulletin, 45,373 average 1908.

Westerly, Daily Sun, George H. Utter, publisher. Largest cir. south of Providence.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Charleston, Evening Post. Actual daily average 1908, 4,888.



Spartanburg, Herald. Actual daily average circulation for 1908, 2,992.

TENNESSEE



Knoxville, Journal and Tribune. 15,885. Week-day av. November and December, 1908, 16,909.

Memphis, Commercial Appeal, daily, Sunday, 1908, average: Daily, 43,786; Sunday, 62,793. Smith & Budd, Representatives, New York and Chicago.

Mashville, Banner, daily. Average for year 1906, 31,455; for 1907, 36,206; for 1908, 36,554.

TEXAS

El Paso, Herald, Jan. av. 9,005. More than both other El Paso dailies. Verified by A A.A.

VERMONT

Barre, Times, daily. F. E. Langley. Average for 1908, 4,775. Examined by A. A. A.

Burlington, Free Press. Daily average for 1908, 8,603. Largest city and State circulation. Examined by Association of Amer. Advertisers.

Montpelier, Argus, dy., av. 1908, 3,327 (Montpelier paper examined by the A. A. A. Only

Rutland, Herald. Average, 1908, 4,556. Only Rutland paper examined by A. A. A.

St. Albans. Messenger, daily. Average for 1908, 3,132. Examined by A. A. A.

VIRGINIA

Danville, The Bee. Av. 1908, 3,066; April, 1909, 3,821. Largest circulation. Only evening paper.

WASHINGTON



Seattle, The Seattle Times (GC) is the metropolitan daily of Seattle and the Pacific Northwest. It combines with its Feb. '09, cir. of 59,436 daily, 83,763 Sunday, rare quality. It is a gold mark paper

quality. It is a gold mark paper of the first degree. Quality and quantity circulation means great productive value to the advertiser. In 1006-07-08 Times beat its nearest competitor 6,997,466 lines.



Seattle, Post-Intelligencer (OO). Av. for Feb., 1908, net—Sunday, 29,646; Daily, 32,083; Weekday, 30,874. Only sworn circulation in Seattle. Largest genuine and cash paid circulation in Washington; highest quality, best service, greatest results always.

Tacoma, Ledger. Average 1908, daily, 18,732. Sunday, 25,729.

Tacoma, News. Average 1907, 16,825; Saturday, 17,610.

WEST VIRGINIA

Fairmont, West Virginiam. Copies printed, 1907, 2,800. Largest circulation in Fairmont.

WISCONSIN

Janesville, Gazette. Darly average, April, 1909, daily, 4,734; semi-weekly, 1,786.

Madison, State Journal, daily. Actual average for 1907, 5,086.

Milwaukee. Evening Wisconsin, daily. Average 1908, 26,952 (66). Carries largest amount of advertising of any paper in Milwaukee.



Milwaukes, The Yournal, evs., ind daily. Daily average for 122 mos., 87,071; for April, 1909, 59,552; daily gain over April, 1908, 2,296. Over 50% of Milwaukee homes. Flat rate? cents per line.

Onkosh, Northwestern, daily. Average for April, 1908, 9,348. Examined by A. A. A.

Racine, Journal, daily. Average for 1908, 4,350; December, 1908, 4,613.



Agriculturist

Racine, Wis., Established, 1877.
Actual weekly average for year
ended Dec. 31, 1908, 53,427.
Larger circulation in Wisconsin
than any other paper. Adv.
\$3.50 an inch. N. Y. Office.
W. C. Richardson, Mgr.

WYOMING

Cheyenne, Tribune. Actual net average six months, 1908, daily. 4,877; semi-weekly, 4,420.

T

R

th

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Vancouver, Province, daily. Av. for 1908, 15.922; Apr., 1908, 15.826; Apr. 1909, 17.836; H. DeClerque, U. S. Repr., Chicago and New York.

MANITOBA, CAN.

Winnipeg, Free Press, daily and weekly. Av. erage for 1908, daily, 37,098; daily Apl., 1909, 40,378; weekly 1908, 27,425; Apl. 1909, 29,448,

Winnipeg, Der Nordwesten. Canada's German newsp'r. Av. 1908, 17,645. Rates 56c. in.

Winnipeg, Telegram, dy. av. for 9 mos. to Apl. 30, '09, 26,448. Weekly, same period, 29,510.

QUEBEC, CAN.

Montreal, La Presse. Actual average, 1908, daily 99,239, weekly 46,935.



Montreal, The Daily Star and The Family Herald and Wesly Star have nearly 200,000 subscribers, representing 1,000,000 readers—one-fifth Canada's population. Av. cir. of the Daily Star for 1908, 66,585 copies daily; the

Weekly Star, 129,583 copies each issue.

The Want-Ad Mediums

This list is intended to contain the names of those publications most highly valued by advertisers as Classified Mediums. A large volume of want business is a popular vote for the newspaper in which it appears. Advertisements under this heading are desired only from papers of the requisite grade and class.

COLORADO

WANT advertisers get best results in Colorado Springs Evening Telegraph. 1c. a word.

THE Denver Post prints more paid Want Advertisements than all the newspapers in Colorado combined.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

THE Evening and Sunday Star, Washington. D. C. (60), carries double the number of Want Ads of any other paper. Rate 1c. a word.

ILLINOIS

THE Chicago Examiner with its 650,000 Sunuay circulation and 175,000 daily circulation brings classified advertisers quick and direct results Rates lowest per thousand in the West.

THE Daily News is Chicago's Want Ad

INDIANA

THE INDIANAPOLIS STAR

The Leading "Want Ad" medium of the State, publishes more paid classified advertising than any other paper in Indiana.

All Classifications One Cent Per Word.
Only Sunday Paper in Indianapolis.

MATNE

THE Evening Express carries more Want Ads

MARYLAND

THE Baltimore News carries more Want Ads than any other Baltimore daily. It is the recognized Want Ad Medium of Baltimore.

MASSACHUSETTS

THE Boston Evening Transcript is the Great Resort Guide for New Englanders. They ex-pect to find all good places listed in its adver-



THE Soston Globs, daily and Sunday, for the year 1908, printed a total of 417,908 paid Want Ads. This was 233,144, or more than Want Ads. twice the number printed by any other Boston newspaper.



MINNESOTA

56c. in.

to Apl.

, 1908,

Weekly

bscrib-read-opulaly Star

ly; the

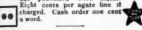
í

es

né a. rđ.

Ads





THE Minneapolis Tribune is the recognized Want Ad Medium of Minneapolis.

THE Minneapolis Tribune is the oldest Minneapolis daily and has over 90,000 subscribers It publishes over 140 columns of Want advertisements every week at full price (average of two
pages a day); no free ads, price
covers both morning and evening
by Am. Newsissues. Rate, 10 cents per line. paper Di'tory Daily or Sunday.

THE St. Paul Dispatch, St. Paul, Minn., covers its held. Average for 1907, 68,671.

THE Joplin Globe carries more Want Ads combined, because it gives results. One cent a word. Minimum, 15c.

MONTANA

THE Anaconda Standard, Montana's best newspaper. Want Ads, 1c. per word. Circulation for 1908, 10,629 daily; 14,205 Sunday.

NEW JERSEY

THE Jersey City Evening Journal leads all other Hudson County newspapers in the number of Classified Ads carried. It exceeds because advertisers get prompt results.

THE Newark, N. J. Freie Zeitung (daily and Sunday) reaches bulk of city's 100,000 Germans. One cent per word; 8 cents per month.

THE Albany Evening Yournal, Eastern N.Y.'s best paper for Wants and Classified Ads.

THE Buffalo Evening News is read in over 90% of the homes of Buffalo and its suburbs, and has no dissatisfied advertisers. Write for rates and sworn circulation statement.

HE Argus, Mount Vernon's only daily. Greatest Want Ad Medium in Westchester County.

PRINTERS' INK, published weekly. The recognized and leading Want Ad Medium for
want ad mediums, mail order articles, advertising novelties, printing, typewritten circulars,
rubber stamps, office devices, adwriting, halftone making, and practically anything which
interests and appeals to advertisers and business men Classified advertisements, 20 cents a line per issue flat, six words to a line.

THE Youngstown Vindicator—Leading Want Medium. 1c. per word. Largest circulation.

THE Oklahoman, Okla. City, 30,130. Publishes more Wants than any 7 Okla. competitors.

PENNSYLVANIA

THE Chester, Pa., Times carries from two to paper. Greatest circulation.

THE Salt Lake Tribuns—Get results—Want Ad Medium for Utah, Idaho and Nevada.

THE Evening Citizen, Ottawa, the Capital other Ottawa papers combined, and has done so for years. One cent a word.

THE La Presse, Montreal. Largest daily cir-culation in Canada without exception. (Daily 103,828—sworn to.) Carries more Want Ads 103,828-sworn to.) Carries mothan any newspaper in Montreal.

(OO) Gold Mark Papers (OO)

Advertisers value the Gold Mark publications more for the class and quality of their circulation than for the mere number of copies printed. Out of a total of over 22,000 publications in America, 122 are distinguished from all the others by the so-called gold marks (60).

ALABAMA

The Mobile Register (66). Established 1821. Richest section in the prosperous South.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Everybody in Washington SUBSCRIBES to The Evening and Sunday Star. Average, 1908, 36,762 ().

GEORGIA

Atlanta Constitution (66). Now, as always, the Quality Medium of Georgia

Savannah Morning News, Savannah, Ga. The Daily Newspaper for Southern Georgia. C. H. Eddy, New York and Chicago Representative.

ILLINOIS

Bakers' Helser ((), Chicago. Only "Gold Mark" journal for bakers. Oldest, best known. Grain Dealers Journal (60), Chicago, the grain trade's accepted medium for "Want" ads.

The Inland Printer, Chicago (30). Actual average circulation for 1906, 15,866.

RENTUCKY

Louisville Courier-Journal (00). Best paper in city; read by best people.

Lewiston Evening Journal, daily, average for 1907, 7,784; weekly, 17,545 (36); 7.44% increase daily over last year.

MARRACHUSETTS

Boston, American Wool and Cotton Reporter. Recognized organ of the cotton and woolen industries of America (().

Boston Commercial Bulletin (@0). Reaches buyers of machinery for wool and cotton manufacturers. Est. 1859. Curtis Guild & Co., Pub.

Boston Evening Transcript (60), established 1830. The only gold mark daily in Boston.

Worcester L'Opinion Publique (GO), is the only Gold Mark French daily in the U.S.

MINNESOTA

The Minneapolis Yournal (66). Largest home circulation and most productive circulation in Minneapolis. Carries more local advertising, more classified advertising and more total advertising than any paper in the Northwest.

THE NORTHWESTERN MILLER

() Minneapolis, Minn., & per year. Covers milling and flour trade all over the world. The only "Gold Mark" milling journal ().

Pioneer Press (60). St. Paul. Largest circulation and best result-producer in the city.

NEW YORK

Army and Navy Journal, (66). First in its class in circulation, influence and prestige.

Brooklyn Eagle () is THE advertising medium of Brooklyn.

Century Magazine ((). There are a few people in every community who know more than all the others. These people read the Century Magazine.

Dry Goods Economist (66), the recognized authority of the Dry Goods and Department Store trade.

Blectric Railway Journal (66). A consoli-Electric Ratiway yournat (@@). A conson-dation of "Street Ratiway Journal" and "Electric Ratiway Review." Covers thoroughly the electric ratiway interests of the world. McGRAW PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Engineering News (20). Established 1874. The leader in its field. Reaches the man who signs the order. Ask any of its thousand advertisers. C.rculation over 16,000 weekly.

The Engineering Record (00). The most progressive civil engineering journal in the world. Circulation averages over 14,000 per week, McGRAW PUBLISHING COMPANY.

The Evening Post (@@). Established 1801. The only Gold Mark evening paper in New York. "The advertiser who will use but one evening paper in New York City will, nine times out of ten, act wisely in selecting The Evening Post." Printers' Ink.

New York Herald (@6). Whoever mentions America's leading newspapers mentions the New York Herald first.

LIFE without a competitor. Humorcus, clever, artistic, satirical, dainty, literary. The only one of its kind—that's LIFE.

Scientific American (OO) has the largest ein-culation of any technical paper in the world.

The New York Times has a greater city sale than any other New York morning newspaper except one.

New York Tribune (OO), daily and Sunday. Established 1841. A conservative, clean and up-to-date newspaper, that goes to the homes of the great middle class.

Vogue () carried more advertising in 1906, 1906, 1907, than any other magazine of gen. cir.

D

01

mo:

Br

OREGON

The Oregonian, (60), established 1851. The great newspaper of the Pacific Northwest.

PENNSYLVANIA

The Press (66) is Philadelphia's Great Home ewspaper. It is on the Roll of Honor and has Newspaper. Newspaper. It is on the Koil or Honor ananas the Guarantee Star and the Gold Marks—the three most desirable distinctions for any newspaper. Sworn circulation of The Daily Press, 133,984.

THE PITTSBURG (00) DISPATCH (00)

The newspaper that judicious advertisers always select first to cover the rich, productive Pittsburg field. Best two cent morning paper, assuring a prestige most profitable to advertisers. Largest home delivered circulation in Greater Pittsburg.

RHODE ISLAND

Providence Journal (00), a conservative enterprising newspaper without a single rival.

SOUTH CAROLINA

The State (60), Columbia, S. C. Highest quality, largest circulation in South Carolina.

VIRGINIA

Norfolk Landmark () Oldest and most influential paper in tidewater.

WASHINGTON

The Post Intelligencer (@@). Seattle's most progressive paper. Oldest in State; clean, reliable, influential. All home circulation.

The Seattle Times (@@) leads all other Seattle and Pacific Northwest papers in influence, circulation, prestige.

WISCONSIN

The Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin (66), the only Gold Mark daily in Wisconsin. The home paper that deserves first consideration when ad vertising appropriations are being made.

CANADA

The Halifax Herald () and the Brening Mail. Circulation 25,558, flat rate.

The Globe, Toronto (GO), has done big things for others by way of returns.

Classified Advertisements

Classified advertisements in "Printers' Ink" cost twenty cents an agate line for each insertion, \$10.40 a line per year. Five per cent discount may be deducted if payment accompanies copy and order for insertion and ten per cent on yearly contract paid wholly in advance. No order accepted for less than one dollar.

ADVERTISING AGENCIES

DARLOW ADVERTISING AGENCY, Omaha, Neb. Newspapers and Magazines.

ALBERT FRANK & CO., 25 Broad St., N.Y. General Advertising Agents. Established 1872. Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia. Advertising of all kinds placed in every part of the world.

ADVERTISING MEDIA

THE Ladies' Home Journal, is the greatest

THE Saturday Evening Post-greater results at lower cost. The Curtis Pub. Co., Phila.

THE BLACK Chicago-New York-Pittsburg, for 20 years the coal trades' leading DIAMOND journal. Write for rates.

THE circulation of the New York World, morning edition, exceeds that of any other morning newspaper in America by more than 150,000 copies per day.

THE weekly Kansas City Journal carries more advertising than any other similar newspaper in the world. Covers the world's richest territory. Combination rate, Sunday and Weekly, 48 c. a line.

AD WRITERS

100 BRAIN POWER at your service. Unique trade-marks and catch-lines originated. Breezy, business bringing advertisements designed and written. Sample Advertisement 80c. G. M. RITTELMEYEK, Jackson, Miss.

Advertising Team Ad Writer and Artist

Offer their services in spare time to any one in need of A-1 work and not willing to carry high-priced men on their payroll. Ad writing, booklets, catalogues, commercial art work of all kinds, supervision of press work, etc. Address "ORIGINATORS," care Printers' Ink.

BUSINESS CHANCES

GOT ANYTHING TO SELL? ADVERtise in the classified columns of FARM LIFE magazine and reach 750,000 farm folks in the rich central west, 30c. per line, cash with order. Minimum ad five lines. Maximum ad twenty lines. Forms close 25th of month preceding date of issue. Address "FARM LIFE," 1322 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill., Desk E.

Any Large Advertiser

who would like to

Control Own Agency

and place advertising at cost, can learn of exceptionally favorable opportunity for so doing, by addressing me. I have complete organization and equipment—an already established and paying business—and exceptional experience, personally, in handling all classes of high-grade publicity propositions. Principals only, write me. Address "AGENCY," care PRINTERS INK.

COIN CARRIERS

\$3 PER 1,000. Less for more; any printing, The COIN WRAPPER CO., Detroit, Mich.

ENGRAVING

HALFTONES for the newspaper or the better class of printed matter. THE STAND-ARD ENG. CO., 560 7th Ave., New York.

KITAB ENGRAVING CO. (Inc.), 401 Lafayette St., New York, makers of half-tone, color, line plates. Prompt and careful service. Illustrating. TELEPHONE: 1664 SPRING.

ARE you looking for Engravers that will execute your work with artistic skill? Out of the ordinary work receives special attention. Write for Portfolio of specimens. BALTI-MORE, MARYLAND, ENGRAVING CO., 28 S. Charles Street.

ELECTROTYPES

Get Our Prices On Electros

We'll give you better plates, quicker service and save you expressage. Largest electrotyping plant in the world—capacity 90,000 column inches a day. Write for prices and sample of patent Holdfast interchangeable base.

RAPID ELECTROTYPE COMPANY, Advertisers' Block, Cincinnati, O.

mentions ons the morcus, ry. The

gest eir. orld.

sity sale vspaper Sunday.

an and homes

in 1908, gen. cir.

t Home and has ks—the y news-

y newsy Press, 184.

tisers procent most

arg.

rvative rival.

lighent rolina.

's most clean, n.

D), the

nen ad

vening things

FINANCIAL BOOKS

"ART OF FINANCIERING,"

Showing how business men may raise capital for business projects without recourse to brokers or promoters.

Valuable Booklet Free.

BUSINESS AND FINANCE PUB. CO., 119 Nassau St., New York.

FOR SALE

Complete Printing Plant For Sale

The printing plant of The Outing Publishing Company, located at Deposit, N. Y., will shortly be on sale. It has five monotype and three linotype machines, a com-Babcock and two job presses, electrotype foundry and bindery. There is also a well equipped cloth bindery located in the town near the Outing plant. The Deposit Board of Trade can guarantee prospective pur-chasers nominal taxes, and electric light and water at cost, also other privileges, and solicits correspondence from responsible purchasers. Further particulars on application. Address, SECRETARY, Board of Trade, Deposit, N. Y.

HELP WANTED

DEPARTMENT STORE REQUIRES CA-pable COPY WRITER in its advertising office. One with knowledge of general iner-chandise preferred. "COPY," Box 91, Printers'

A N cld established weekly, offers a position A 'ni essansine weekly, oners a position in a mail 'round advertising man, who possesses a strong personality and is able to show a good record and produce results. Address "S. F." care Printers' Ink.

FREE REGISTRATION is offered for united Proposition of the period of the period to reporters requiring not over \$18 a week and Linotype Operators (4500 minion), not over \$22. Good positions open. Brokist sent free FERNALD'S NEWSPAPER MEN'S EXCHANGE, Springfield, Mass.

Advertising Manager Wanted

Man with experience in handling automobile advertising preferred. State experi-ence, salary expected and give reference. Address, "AUTO MANUFACTURER," care Printers' Ink.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS

YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN of ability who seek positions as adwriters and ad managers should use the classified columns of PRINTERS BROUGH USE THE CLASSIFIED COLUMNS OF PRINTERS, THE DUSINESS JOURNAL OF THE STREET, PUB-lished weekly at 12 West 31st St., New York. Such advertisements will be inserted at 20 cents a line, six words to the line. PRINTERS' INK is the best school for advertisers, and it reaches every week more employing advertisers than any other publication in the United States.

I Can Teach YOU How to Write LETTERS THAT PULL



If you are a clever business man you can go out and talk with a customer and land an order every cons of sr

Ed

prin

sec loys 32-clas

des

0

SUC

ing

I can teach you to talk to 1,000 or 10,000 in the time it would take to land one order personally, and get 10 or 100 orders.

However busy you are, you are not too busy to make your business bigger, business so you can climb to greater success.

Let me study your business personally and pri-

Let me study your business personally and privately with Jou, criticising your regular daily letters (carbon copies), and myself actually rewriting your important sales letters till you catch the knack of making them pull yourself.

I taught a young Japanese handling drawn work and other fancy goods so that he was able to get up entirely by himself a letter which brought 267 approval orders (a 915 centerpiere) from 350 letters, of which o 1y 38 were returned —32,435 worth of business from 350 letters—sea. ly \$10 for every letter mailed. Mr. H. Gard, selling postoffice fixtures averaging about \$100 a salegor postonice natures averaging about the same \$7,698 from 117 inquiries where before on the same proposition he had never realized more than\$3,000. Very Latest Book—How to Do Business By Mail.

Send 8 for my new book, supersecting all others on the subject, with thousands of points on thou to 6st Bu-inces by Mail, Corroct Business Knglish, with over 100 model telters of all kinds, letters that Have Actually Fulled Business.

Sherwin Cody, 1421 Security Bidg., Chicago

NOVELTIES

STOREKEEPERS, send for illustrated plan and detailed instructions for one of the most "pulling" show window attractions ever devised. Catches them all. Suitable for any line. Can be installed for \$2 and will give you more proven publicity than \$50 spent in ordinary advertising. If it doesn't you can have your dollar back. O. K. Novelty Co., Box 182, Chicago.

PATENTS

PATENTS that PROTECT -

Our 3 books for inventors mailed on receipt of 6 cts. stamps. R. S. & A. B. LACEY, Washington, D. C. Established 1869.

POSITIONS WANTED

AD WRITER—Ambitious young man, news-paper experience and ad school graduate. Desires wider practical experience. Glad to submit sample work. Address "B. H. H." Printers' Ink.

ENERGETIC, EDUCATED YOUNG WOMAN, POWELL GRADUATE, desir so josition as Copywriter or Advertising Assistant. Specimens submitted. "C, H.," care of Printers' Ink.

Write LL lever busi an go out custome

der every to talk to land one , and get

you are, sy to make ligger, to tand that ccess y and pritually re you catch

g drawn was able terpiece) returned d, selling asalego the same By Mail.

hat Have

Chicage

for ailed

most tions all. inyou \$50 If ollar

182,

news duate. ad H."

UNG esir s ssistare of A STRICTLY high grade Advertising Manager now employed, desires similar p sition on live Eastern daily. No city under 50 000 considered. Would accept business management of smaller city daily. "N.T.," care Printers' Ink.

Editor Proofreader Educated printer seeks position to prepare copy, read proofs, make up pages and attend all details of publication, newspapers, books advertising periodicals. Address "Q.," care Printers' Ink.

REAL live man who knows and can talk advertising-successful solicitor-writes logical Avertising—successful solicitor—writes logical basiness copy that sells space and goods, too—seeks engagement where ability, energy and loyalty are considered valuable assets. Age 32—single. At present practically manager of class daily. Location immaterial—opportunity des red. Address RALPH ROSENFELT, 1215 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Ad Expert

Capable advertising manager—organizer of successful campaigns—des.res position where convineng, argumentative, rea-son-why copy, strong individuality and origin-1, business puliging methods, will command a fair price. Newspaper, magazines and billboard advertising, taks for salesman, follow-up systems, etc. Special positions obtained at lowest rates. Spare-time work undertaken. "R. P.," 15 Christopher Street, New York City.

A Man of 32 who has success-

A WIAI OI JZ WIIO HAS SUCCESS-illy filled difficult, responsible positions, wants to change. Now Advertising and Sales Man-ager, large machinery factory—and daily in-creasing sales. Native abi ity is supplemented by extensive domestic and foreign travel. With him the success habit has become fixed. Fair aslary and assured future essentials. While preferring mail order work, will be glad to consider any desirable proposition. Address "MICHIGAN," care of Printers' Ink.

Better Position Wanted

With Agency, Publisher, Representative, or Advertiser. Knowledge of agency business, having been in this line nine years. First start with Rowell and Printers' Ink. Two years manager and solicitor of a Classified Agency. At present in charge of Order, Checking and Estimate Departments of a large Advertising Agency, besides attend to other work. Am a good inside man. Outside position in connection with iniside one, will be acceptable. Age 25. Will start on short notice. "FUTURE," care Printers' Ink.

I Want a Bigger Job!

I am now managing editor of the leading paper in a city of \$0,000.

But I want a bigger job. Fifteen years experience on best daily papers

Have a few ideas and executive ability enough

What have you to offer?
Address "M," care Printers' Ink.

PRESS CLIPPINGS

MANHATTAN Press Clipping Bureau, Arthur Cassot, Prop., supplies the best service of clippings from all papers, on any trade and industry. Write for terms, 334 Fifth trade and industry. Ave., New York City.

PRINTING

YOU share with us the economy of our loca-You share with us the economy of our local tion. Our facilities insure perfect work. Prompt estimates on letter-heads, factory forms and booklets in large quantities. THE BOUL-TON PRESS, drawer 98, Cuba, N. Y.

GENERAL PRINTING, catalogue and book-let work—Unusual facilities for large orders —monotype and linotype machines—large hand composing room, four-color rotary, cylinder, perfecting, job and embossing presses, etc., etc. Original ideas, good workmanship, economy, promptness. Opportunity to estimate solicited. THE WINTHROP PRESS, 419 Lafayette St., New York.

PUBLISHING BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

A Fine Old Publishing Business

In a very important field can be bought for what it is worth.

GROSS BUSINESS, \$65,000.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE. \$15,000.

> Suitable net profit which can be increased by hustler.

PRICE, \$50,000.

TERMS to responsible buyer.

"CONFIDENTIAL." Care PRINTERS' INK.

TRADE-MARKS

TRADE-MARKS registered in U. S. Patent Office. Names of publications are registrable trade-marks under conditions. Booket relating to trade-mark protection mailed on request. BEELER & ROBB, Trade-mark Lawyers, 111-112 McGill Bldg., Washington, D. C.

Business Going Out

Frank Seaman, Inc., New York, is placing copy in the dailies of a few of the larger cities east of Chicago for Barton & Guestier Olive Oil, whose distributors in this country are E. La Montagne's Sons.

Albert Frank & Co., New York, are placing some financial copy in a few of the metropolitan dailies for Armour & Co., Chicago, Ill.

The Gardner Agency, St. Louis, is using 5,000 lines in the West for the "Carmelo" Cigar, made by the Erlick Company, of New York.

The Northern Pacific Railroad is using 5,000 lines in the West, business going through J. L. Stack, of Chicago.

The MacManus-Kelley Company, Toledo, O., has just closed a contract with the Thermo Electric Company for copy in women's publications of general circulation.

The Wyckoff Agency, of Buffalo, is sending out orders amounting to 5,000 lines to Western newspapers, to be used for Dr. Leonhardt.

The Stanley-Way Advertising Agency, New York, is sending out 15-line copy to women's publications for the Thrifty Appliance Company, New York, to advertise their double-deck cooker.

W. F. Hamblin & Co., New York, are sending out copy to newspapers for Johnson's Foot Soap, in cities where that concern has agents.

Frank Seaman, Inc., New York, has started a campaign for the Doollitle Rim Company, Ltd., of Toronto and New York, on their Doollitle Demountable Rim for automobiles. This consists of extensive trade work and campaign in the Automobile and other trade papers.

Seven thousand lines in the East is the space being used by E. T. Harvey for George's Tailor Parlors, of Philadelphia.

The MacManus-Kelley Company, Toledo, is placing page copy in women's publications for the hot water heater made by the Merrill Furnace & Supply Company, of Toledo.

The Lozier Motor Company is using good sized copy in New York dailies through Frank Seaman, Inc., of New York.

J. M. Lyon Company, jewelers, New York, is placing eight inches, twice a week, in New York state and New Jersey papers through the Stanley-Way Agency, of New York.

BOSTON NOTES.

Grace 1st

in the

Rye

the Mag

Ayr

ager

ing

Peti

adv

Tro the a li

acco

adv are thre

Bea

incl

V

up Dru Tor

ica

Ter

of

Pia sey Re Blo

M:

ph

the to of

sh

S

The Waban Webbing Company is doing a little experimental advertising in one or two general mediums to push the sale of its lawn tennis court markers. The business is going out direct.

Mr. Casson, of the Unitarian publications, is sending out small orders to the higher grade publications advertising a new Unitarian movement. One and two insertions are being given and the space averages an inch.

The Walton Agency is sending out renewals on the Haberstroh advertising. The preliminary campaign has been successful, but after one or more insertions the copy will be discontinued for a while.

The Lovett-Chandler Agency is sending out small orders to a few New England mediums on the advertising of the Gem Bug Killer. If this campaign proves successful larger copy will be forthcoming.

Wingate Blair, of the Beardsley Agency, has been very successful with the advertising of the J. B. Proctor Automobile Supply Company. Local papers are being used at present, but results have been so satisfactory that more New England mediums will be added to the list.

The O'Sullivan Rubber Company, Lowell, Mass., is using papers in the larger cities throughout the country. Large space is used exploiting O'Sullivan's Rubber Heels. The contracts are placed by the Boston office of the J. Walter Thompson Company.

Orders are going out from the Walter Baker Company to the list of monthly magazines used by them. The newspaper list will be made up in the course of a few months. All this advertising is placed direct by J. M. Bugbee, advertising manager.

The Boston office of N. W. Ayer & Son is handling an appropriation for the advertising of the New England Conservatory of Music. Contracts are going to leading publications from the home office of this agency.

An appropriation has been made for the advertising of the Londonderry Lithia Water Company, Nashua, N. H. A few June magazines started their copy and other publications will be added to the list later. This account is handled by N. W. Ayer & Son. The advertising of Dr. John W. Grady, Lowell, Mass., was stopped June 1st in all the newspapers in which it has been running. Copy will start up again in the fall.

Hermon W. Stevens, Globe Building, is sending out orders to New England dailies for the advertising of Cuckoo Rye Whiskey.

ny is

push court out

blica.

ing a

space

ut re-

ising. sucrtions or a

New ng of

paign 1 be

dsley

with octor Local

but that 1 be

any,

ntry.

e J.

alter

ewsurse ising ad-

for land

are

for

H. copy d to

dled

Some additional advertising covering the month of June is being done by the Magee Furnace Company through H. E. Ayres & Co., 164 Federal street. This agency is 24s o making up a list of dailies for the advertising of Frank Jones Brewing Company and are considering a list of papers in no-license towns for S. F. Petis & Co. They have been placing the advertising of George P. Ide & Co., Troy, N. Y., in newspapers throughout the country. They are now figuring on a list of general magazines for this same account.

Contracts for the mail order liquor advertising of H. W. Huguley & Co. are going out to daily newspapers through the Lovett-Chandler Co., 6 Beacon street. The copy measures six inches and runs twice a week for six months.

Wood, Putnam & Wood are making up a list of magazines for the United Drug Company advertising Rexall Hair Tonic. The appropriation is considerably larger than last year and more publications will be used.

PHILADELPHIA NOTES.

The Herbert M. Morris Agency is asking 5,000-line rates in local New Jersey papers.

Copy for the Lester Piano Company, of Lester, Pa., advertising Lester Pianos and Lester Concealed-Player-Pianos for Pennsylvania and New Jersey papers is going out from the W. C. Reinhold Advertising Agency, McCall Bldg., Philadelphia.

The Italian Importing Company, of Philadelphia, is placing business in Pennsylvania and New Jersey papers.

Powers & Armstrong are sending out two-inch size copy for Forrest & Co., brokers, of Philadelphia, to newspapers of that vicinity.

N. W. Ayer & Son are adding some new papers to the list for LaFrance Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia.

Copy for the Bank of North America, the oldest bank in America, is going to Philadelphia papers for the month of June. This bank was chartered by the Continental Congress in 1781, and is one of the few national banks to advertise every day in the year. The copy is changed daily and contains short, crisp matter on banking. It is handled and prepared by the W. C. Reinhold Advertising Agency.

Full page copy is going out to fashion papers from the Ireland Agency for Cook's Linoleum, of Trenton, N. J.

Three hundred-line newspaper copy is appearing in Philadelphia papers from the hands of the Ireland Agency, advertising Choconel, manufactured by the National Food Company, of Niagara Falls.

Half pages are being sent out to magazines of general circulation advertising H. O. Wilbur's Cocoa, from the St. Clair-Edwards Agency, of this city, and quarter page and half page copy for the Freden Sales Agency, of Chicago, to a few magazines.

The St. Clair-Edwards Agency is putting out 50-line copy for the Pioneer Suspender Company, of Philadelphia, in metropolitan dailies.

The St. Clair-Edward Agency is doubling most of its magazine copy, using full pages instead of part of pages for the summer trade on their various lines of advertisers.

ST. LOUIS-KANSAS CITY NOTES.

The Meyer-Bannerman Saddlery Company, St. Louis, Mo., is putting out orders through the St. Louis office of H. W. Kastor & Sons, advertising saddlery, harness, etc., by mail. Small copy is being used in a large list of dailies in the South and Southwest.

The Loose-Wiles Biscuit Company is placing through Lord & Thomas, Chicago, quarter-page copy in high-grade magazines.

Renewal orders are going out through the Kansas City office of H. W. Kastor & Sons for the Mesa Land & Trust Company, same city. Thirty-line display in agricultural papers and 200 lines in Sunday editions of dailies in the Central West are being used.

The St. Louis branch of the Times Square Automobile Company is putting out orders through the Classified Ad Company, Security Bldg., St. Louis, advertising new and used automobiles. Fifty lines classified in the Sunday editions of dailies, and smaller copy in weeklies of dailies in the Central West are being used.

H. W. Kastor & Sons' St. Louis office is putting out orders for Dr. Nelson, Chicago, in a list of daily and weekly newspapers in Dakota for a medical proposition. Twelve-inch display copy is being used.

T. M. Sayman, St. Louis, Mo., is using the classified columns of a large list of daily newspapers and mail order publications advertising for agents. Orders are going out through the Classified Ad Company, St. Louis.

The Stafford-Miller Company, St. Louis, is using additional daily newspapers in the West for "Carmen" Powder. Orders for large display space are going out through Lord & Thomas, Chi-

The J. W. Jenkins Music Company, Kansas City, is conducting a campaign in Pacific Coast dailies advertising sheet music published by it. Orders for 150-line display copy are going out through the Kansas City office of H. W. Kastor & Sons.

The Acme Filter Company, St. Louis, is using the classified columns of a big list of Sunday newspapers, advertising for agents. The business is being handled by the Classified Ad Company, St. Louis.

H. W. Kastor & Sons' St. Louis office is putting out one-half and one-quarter page display copy on an experimental campaign in the Woman's National Daily for the W. H. Bull Medical Company. The campaign will be extended later.

The St. Louis office of the Chas. H. Fuller Agency is placing orders in farm papers published in the Southwest for the Balnke & Hauk Supply Co., St. Louis, advertising beekeepers' supplies. Thirty-line display copy is being used.

Renewal orders for Dr. Chamlee & Co., St. Louis, are being sent out to mail order papers and weeklies of dailies by the St. Louis office of H. W. Kastor & Sons.

The Common Sense Sales Company, St. Louis, is using the classified col-umns of a list of Sunday newspapers advertising for agents. The Classified Ad Company, St. Louis, is placing the business.

The Merchants & Manufacturers The Merchants & Manufacturers Association of Springfield, Ill., held a meeting last week at which it was decided to exploit the advantages of Springfield as a desirable place for manufacturing plants. An advertising fund was raised and contract awarded to S. W. Bolles, of the Chas. H. Fuller Agency, to prepare plans and copy for an immediate earmoaign. an immediate campaign.

CHICAGO NOTES.

Lord & Thomas, Chicago, are placing 10,000 lines in the West for the St. Louis Dairy Company.

The D. D. D. Company is sending out contracts for 10,000 lines to be used in two years, through the Gund-lach agency, of Chicago.

Lord & Thomas, Chicago, are sending out orders and copy amounting to 14,000 lines to newspapers in the Southwest, for the Van Camp Packing Company, of Indianapolis, Ind.

H. M. Thurber, well known in the H. M. Thurber, well known in the advertising business as the Eastern manager of the Currier publication, with which he has been connected for the past three years, has resigned his position to accept one with Vickery & Hill. Mr. Thurber will assist C. D. Colman in covering the Eastern terri-

PRINTERS' INK.

The Ben Leven-Nichols Advertising Company, 85 Dearborn street, Chicago, has secured the appropriation of Woolf, Inc., Twelfth, Ogden and Oakley avenues. An extensive list of magazines and farm papers will be used to advertise clothing on credit by mail.

The Ben Leven-Nichols Advertising Company is conducting an extensive campaign in metropolitan papers against the proposed reduction of the tariff on hosiery and gloves. The campaign is in behalf of the National Association of Hosiery & Underwear Manufacturers of America, who are the representatives of over 250 American mills.

The Ben Leven-Nichols Advertising Company, 85 Dearborn street, Chicago, is placing full page advertisements in a selected list of city newspapers ad-vertising Old James E. Pepper Whiskey.

Another extensive campaign for the Jacksonville Heights Improvement will shortly be inaugurated by the Ben Leven-Nichols Advertising Company, 85 Dearborn street, Chicago. Large space will be used in a number of dailies.

The fall list for H. M. Lindenthal & Sons, "The L System" Clothes, is now being made up by the Ben Leven-Nichols Advertising Company. Chicago. High-grade weeklies only will be used for the present.

The Ben Leven-Nichols Advertising Company, 85 Dearborn street, Chicago, will shortly begin a campaign for The Eli Pfaelzer Packing Company, Chicago. Newspapers will be used extensively.

The Ben Leven-Nichols Advertising Company, 85 Dearborn street, Chicago, will place an extensive campaign in newspapers for The Cooke Brewing Company, same city.

H. W. Walker has resigned as advertising manager of the Technical World and taken the advertising direction of and taken the advertising direction of the Radford publications, American Carpenter and Builder, Cement World and Dealers Building Material Record, located in Medinah Temple, Chicago. Mr. Walker takes with him into the trade paper field a comprehensive knowledge of general advertising which will unquestionably bear fruit in the pages of his publications.

J. K. Adams, formerly of Scientific J. K. Adams, formerly of Scientific J. K. Adams, formerly of Scientific Jimpiece, and pointed Eastern representative of the Radford publications in place of Mr. Walker, with headquarters at 178 Fulton street, New York.

It is only necessary to use the

St.

Joseph's Blatt

to cover the entire German field in the West and particularly on the Pacific Coast. Proven circulation 26,000 copies weekly.

RALPH C. CLYDE

Advertising Manager

603 GOODNOUGH BUILDING
PORTLAND, OREGON

Advertise to the Catholic Germans

There are no more thrifty, no more prosperous people in the country.

The only way to reach them in the paper the best of them read "religiously," is to advertise in

DER HEROLD DAS GLAUBENS

St. Louis alone has twenty-two German Catholic churches, attended by over 10,000 families. Der Herold Das Glaubens is the oldest German Catholic weekly published, and its circulation has steadily advanced since 1850. It has now 36,300 actual circulation throughout the country. No fraudulent ads accepted. Your ads ought to be in it.

GERMAN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION

Temple Building

St. Louis

Missouri

The Messenger of the Sacred Heart

Guaranteed Circulation 103,000 Copies a Month

The medium to reach the institutions under the control of the Catholic Church in the United States, Convents, Churches, Parochial residences and Schools. Apart from the above it is extensively circulated among Catholic families, and is read by thousands of women, the buyers of the needs for the household.

Advertising rates: 1 in. one time, \$7.00; ½ page, \$12.50; ¼ page, \$25.00; ½ page, \$50.00; 1 page, \$100.00. Discount, 10% six months, 20% one year.

Forms close five weeks previous to date of issue.

Publication Office, 801 and 803 W. 181st STREET, NEW YORK
Telephone: 537 Audubon.

in the Castern ations, ed for ed his cery & C. D. terri-

rtising hicago, Toolf's, y avegazines to adail. rtising ensive against iff on

ign is ciation turers tatives rtising icago, its in

r the will Ben

hal & now evenicago.

cago, The cago. ly. ising cago, in Com-

ising

lverforld n of rican forld cord, cago. the owlwill

ages

tific
tern
licawith
New



It's just that double grip and the turn-down lips at the tip that make this fastener ideal for your office. Neither top, bottom nor middle paper can become loose—the twin prongs hold them all.

The De Long Hook & Eye Co Philadelphia, U. S. A.

Send for free samples in four sizes.

600 TRAINS DAILY PASS 250 BILLBOARDS

OVERING a radius of 125 miles on all rail—ways out of Pittsburgh. This is an almost new field for outdoor advertising and will be productive of splendid results. Every suburban town, village hamlet and country crossroads commanded. Each board 8x82 feet costs \$30 a year, painted free. LLOYD CURTISS, Willmar Bldg., Craig and Forbes Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Meet Publishers and Advertisers in New York

Scarcely a day when there is not a dozen or so lunching at the Grand Hotel at 31st street, and Broadway.

Remington



THE name which distinguishes the BEST Typewriter—the name which means Typewriter.

The name which stands for the latest and greatest development in writing machines.

SEE THE NEW MODELS 10 and 11

Remington Typewriter Company

(Incorporated)

New York and Everywhere

rs

rs

st

American Publishers and Advertising Agents Seeking to Reach English Advertisers Are Offered an Exceptional Opportunity Through Printers' Ink—English Edition

The English Edition, issued simultaneously with the American Edition, is edited by Mr. Thomas Russell and published by Messrs. S. H. Benson, Ltd., who are known as the foremost professional advertisers of Great Britain.

Nearly every prominent English advertiser and publisher is a subscriber to the English Edition. There is no better or more economical manner for the American publisher to reach the English advertiser than through Printers' Ink.

Advertisers in the American Printers' Ink enjoy a very low combination rate with the English Edition.

Rate cards, sample copies, etc., on request from either office.

PRINTERS' INK

12 West 31st St., New York Kingsway Hall London, W. C.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

The LIGHT and GAZETTE

Sworn Average Daily Circulation 13,400

Average circulation increase 119 a week

THE ONLY—Evening Paper in the Biggest City in Texas

¶ More than 10,000 white homes in San Antonio receive the Light and Gazette each night by carrier. The only newspaper that satisfactorily covers the City. You cannot hope to make a showing in San Antonio without the Light and Gazette.

¶ Used by all the local business houses of worth and most of the foreign advertisers who understand.

¶ The Paper that works for and with the advertiser and produces tangible results.

I The Paper with a territory all its own.

THE S. C. BECKWITH SPECIAL AGENCY

Sole Foreign Representatives

NEW YORK-TRIBUNE BUILDING-CHICAGO